The Bedford Inquirer.

A LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO POLITICS, EDUCATION, LITERATURE AND MORALS.

B. F. McNEIL, Editor and Proprietor. | BEDFORD, Pa., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1864. | Vol. 37: No. 40

The Bedford Inquirer

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PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS.

U. H. AKERS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Military claims speedily collected. Office on Juliana Street, two doors north of the Inquirer Office.
April 1, 1864—tf.

ESPY M. ALSIP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,
Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
Military claims, Pensions, back pay, Bounty, &c. speedily collected.
Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, 2 doors south of the Mengel House.
April 1, 1864.—tf.

J. R. DURBORROW,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Office one door south of the "Mengel House,"
Will attend promptly to all business intrusted to his care Collections made on the shortest notice.
Having, also, been regularly licensed to prosecute Claims against the Government, particular attention will be given to the collection of Military claims of all kinds; Pensions, Back Pay, Bounty, Bounty Loans, &c.
Bedford, apr. 8, 1864—tf.

ALEX. KING,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
And agent for procuring arrears of Pay and Bounty money. Office on Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
April 1, 1864—tf.

KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana Street, two doors South of the Mengel House.
April 1, 1864—tf.

JOHN MAJOR,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, HOPEWELL, BEDFORD COUNTY.
Collections and all business pertaining to his office will be attended to promptly. Will also attend to the sale or renting of real estate. Instruments of writing carefully prepared. Also settling up partnerships and other accounts.
April 1, 1864—tf.

JNO. MOWER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
BEDFORD, PA.,
April 1, 1864.—tf.

JOSEPH W. TATE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD PA.
WILL promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Money advanced on Judgments, Notes and other Claims. Has for sale Town Lots, in Tatesville, and St. Joseph's on Bedford Railroad. Farms and unimproved land in quantities to suit purchasers.
Office opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.
apr. 15, 1864—10 m.

JOHN LUTZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
Regularly licensed agent for the collection of Government claims, bounties, back pay, pensions, &c., will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care.
Office with J. R. Durborrow, Esq., on Juliana Street, Bedford Pa.
August 19th, 1864.—tf.

RUPP, SHANNON, & CO., BANKERS,
Bedford, Pa.,
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected, and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold.
G. W. RUPP, O. E. SHANNON, F. BENEDICT.
apr. 15, 1864—tf.

DANIEL BORDER.
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL,
Bedford, Pa.
Watchmaker & Dealer in Jewelry, Spectacles, &c
HE KEEPS ON HAND A STOCK OF FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, SPECTACLES OF Brilliant Double Refined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens.
He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.
apr. 8, 1864—zz.

PHYSICIANS, &C.

DENTISTRY.
I. N. BOWSER, Resident Dentist of Woodbury,
WILL spend the second Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, of each month at Hopewell, the remaining three days at Bloody Run, attending to the duties of his profession. At all other times he can be found in his office at Woodbury, excepting the last Monday and Tuesday of the same month, which he will spend in Martinsburg, Blair county, Penna. Persons desiring operations should call early, as time is limited. All operations warranted.
Aug. 5, 1864,-tf.

C. N. HICKOK
DENTIST.
OFFICE IN BANK BUILDING,
BEDFORD, PA.
April 1, 1864.—tf.

DR. B. F. HARRY,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hofius.
April 1, 1864—tf.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.
Having permanently located respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. Office on Juliana Street, opposite the Bank, one door north of Hall & Palmer's office.
April 1, 1864—tf.

HOTELS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
April 29th, 1864.—tf.

UNION HOTEL.
VALENTINE STECKMAN, PROPRIETOR,
West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pa.,
(*Formerly the Globe Hotel.*)
THE public are assured that he has made ample arrangements to accommodate all that you favor him with their patronage.
A splendid Livery Stable attached. [apr '64.

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN CESSNA,
Delivered in Philadelphia,
Saturday Sept. 10th 1864.

[Concluded from last week.]

The magnitude of our national debt and its constant increase are used by our enemies to encourage the rebellion. This has been a cause of alarm to many sincere patriots. It is, however, oftener used by our secret enemies in order to dishearten the people, and induce them to abandon the struggle and consent to an effeminate peace. This debt has been variously estimated and stated by different persons. It is now officially declared to be less than two thousand millions of dollars, and no well informed man calculates the increase at a larger sum than one thousand millions per year. A sufficient answer to this cause of uneasiness and alarm ought to be that figures cannot estimate the worth of our Union. Its value is beyond all price. To the patriot this answer would be satisfactory. But we may readily find an answer for the man of dollars and cents—even for him who worships only the "almighty dollar," or him who has grown rich under the fostering care of the government, and is now too mean to pay his taxes for its support.

The first Punic war lasted during a period of twenty-four year; the second lasted eighteen years. The Peloponnesian war lasted twenty-seven years. One of the German wars lasted thirty years, and that against Louis XIV, lasted eighteen years.—At the end of the Peninsular war the debt of England was about five thousand millions of dollars. It is now a little less than four thousand millions. The United States can pay five times the debt of England in less time than England can pay her own. Her last war loan (for the Peninsular war) was sold at fifty-three cents on the dollar, payable in depreciated paper. Not a single bond of the United States is below par, and nearly all command a premium. The income of our Treasury for the last year, in the very midst of our war, was nearly three hundred millions of dollars. The increase in the value of our real and personal property from 1840 to 1850 was sixty-four per cent: from 1850 to 1860 it was one hundred and twenty-seven per cent. We have hardly commenced to work our gold mines, as well as all of our other unequalled mineral wealth. The increase in the value of coal from 1850 to 1860 was one hundred and seventy per cent. The income of our productive labor for 1860 was nearly two thousand millions of dollars. We have rich public lands, and almost enough of these alone to pay our whole debt at the end of the war, at one dollar per acre. The war has not retarded but rather quickened the spirit of immigration. This, added to our natural increase, will soon settle these lands and pour countless millions into our Treasury.

We have more than thirty thousand miles of railroad finished, at a cost of one thousand two hundred millions of dollars. Fifty thousand vessels of the republic whiten every ocean, sail over our inland seas, or navigate the streams flowing within our own borders. The increase in the tonnage on our western waters in eight years was three hundred and twenty per cent. Our exports of grain in a single year have reached five hundred millions of dollars. Agriculture gave the nation in 1860 sixteen hunded millions of dollars, and the fertile lands of our nation, when well cultivated, can multiply this an hundred fold. Our territory is nearly as large as all Europe, with its forty different empires. Our increase since 1790 has been six times greater than England, nine times greater than Austria, and ten times greater than France. Our soil is as rich as theirs, and capable of sustaining as dense a population. When we equal France in proportionate population we will have five hundred millions. When we equal England we will have seven hundred and fifty millions.—We have the whole temperate zone of the earth.

The mineral productions, iron, lead, zinc copper, silver and gold are inexhaustible. Arizona has gold enough to pay our debt; California can furnish a circulating medium for our own people, and the other territories can supply all the other nations of the earth. Old Pennsylvania can furnish all the coal that may be required to drive all the machinery of the world until the millenium; and if Providence in his anger should obscure the sun, our oil wells would light the earth for ten thousand years. The burden of our debt will sit but lightly upon a nation whose home is a continent, whose climate embraces the products of every land, and whose people by their industry, thrift and skill, multiply an hundred fold, and whose population grows with a rapidity which has no parallel in history. It is not means nor money, nor resources that we need. There is no human power that can arrest our progress and developement. When the war is ended in triumph, our country will take such a position in population, wealth and vigor as will make the debt appear so small that we all will smile at the fears which once so overclouded our vision. Some no doubt will be slow to credit these hopes of our increase even when founded upon the rock of past experience, nor is it all fair to presume that the arts and sciences have been exhausted. Other discoveries and inventions will no doubt add to our wealth and prosperity. We may not be able to forsee them, but they will come.

Years ago men could not realize the improvement which would one day result from the use of steam power, the railroad and the telegraph. Time was when mules and camels were used as the most rapid means of conveying intelligence. "If an ancient amanuensis could now forsake the tomb and stand in the presence of a printing press, and see thirty thousand copies of a paper struck off in an hour; if a teamster of King Solomon or a raftsman of Hiram could witness an engineer upon his engine, moving a hundred tons burden at the rate of a mile in three minutes, and if a mule-driver of Ahasuerus could enter a telegraph office and see messages, or from the Atlantic to the Pacific in an instant, they would either disbelieve their own senses or imagine that 'the gods had come down to us in the likeness of men.'"

We need resolution, firmness, perseverence, devotion to duty and to country. "The Romans, with Hannibal at their gates, and the finest portion of Italy subject to his sway, preserved a high and unconquerable spirit, which would listen to no terms that might tarnish the honor reduce the weight and power of their country; and the result was the speedy and total overthrow of Carthage." Let it not be said of the American people in after times, that in their vigorous manhood, with the great examples of ancient and modern times, and of their own ancestors, they had not the courage and detrmination to conquer an unholy rebellion, no matter how large its proportions, but for the sake of ease and comfort allowed their country to be dismembered. Rather let us resolve to emerge from this conflict with the same triumphant result with which our fathers passed through the Jordan of the revolution, their "Locks dripping with blood," and carrying our country safely through, with "The stars of Union on her brow and the rock of Independence beneath her feet."

Besides all these material reasons given to show that no substantial danger is to be apprehended from our national debt, it must not be supposed that the patriotism of our people will die out as soon as the war is over. During its continuance the liberality and charities of the people have been the wonder and admiration of the civilized World. That generosity which has originated and sustained our Christian Commission, Refreshment Saloons, Hospitals, Sanitary Commissions and Fairs, immense bounty funds, and and which, on all occasions, has sent forth to the scene of conflict, before the smoke of battle had cleared away, hosts of ministering angels, in the persons of our patriotic and noble hearted ladies, to soothe and alleviate the sufferings of our wounded heroes, will continue and find employment in the commendable and praiseworthy work of raising money to pay the debt. If the government should not prove sufficient to meet the emergency, the people will take the matter in their own hands, and form societies and associations throughout the land for the purpose of giving aid in the discharge of our liabilities. The income of the government and these voluntary contributions would soon reduce the debt, until in the year 1876 the nation would hold a centenary jubilee the women of the land would bring forward their trinkets and jewels, and by one earnest and final appeal to the patriotism of the people the debt would be entirely and forever extinguished.

The plotters and leaders of the rebellion are cunning, shrewd and designing men. They knew that in point of numbers and resources the contest would be unequal, and that they could not hope to succeed. They at once resorted to strategy. They instantly established among themselves the most relentless tyranny the world ever saw. Opposition to their orders and decrees, resistance to their conscriptions, or any other complaint against the justice of their cause, is overcome with the persuasive logic of bayonets, bullets or halters. This is done to make their people harmonious and unanimous. In our own midst their emissaries have been retively at work to aggravate the rancor of party spirit; to array one portion of our people against the other; to cause dissatisfaction among the people with the necessary measures to put down the rebellion; to excite the people against the enforcement of the draft, and the collection of revenue sufficient to carry on the war. Our people are taught to favor peace, compromise, an armistice, anything except a vigorous prosecution of the war. At one time this is styled a negro war; at another a negro has no business to serve as a soldier. When our armies are defeated, the government is incompetent and inefficient, or it would have raised more men.—When volunteers are called they are opposed to the plan. They want an enrolment so that all may have an equal and a fair chance. When the draft comes it is not fair—unlawful, and deprives them of their constitutional rights—The clause of the act allowing payment of commutation is all wrong because it discriminates between the rich and the poor. As soon as it is repealed, these same men strive to excite the anger of the people, because it is another step towards a military despotism. All these things do the people no good; lead only to angry discussion, bitter controversies, numerous desertions, prevent many from enlisting into the service of their country, have already produced bloody riots, and may culminate in fierce neighborhood and fireside war.

There are, unfortunately, those among us who cannot discuss the question of the rebellion a single minute without showing that they are at heart foes of the government and enemies of their race. The people soon learn to find out and know these men. Human skill and ingenuity and all of a traitor's cunning, cannot long succeed in concealing their real sentiments. They hang back or skulk away from our public gatherings on our national holidays. They disparage Union officers, and soldiers, and eulogize the rebels. All Union victories are insignificant—of little account; rebel victories are of incalculable value and importance. Good news is never credited; bad news is often originated, believed and circulated before verified. Taxes are obnoxious and oppressive; drafts are unconstitutional and odious; war is bloody and desolating, and the nation ought at once to stop it. For nearly four years every thing has been wrong—nothing beautiful; nothing even praiseworthy or passable has been done by their own government—only mistakes, wrongs wicked acts of tyranny; and earnest appeals are made to the people to arise in their might and prevent the establishment of military despotism. During all this time they have not been known to utter a word of denunciation against the rebellion, or seen an improper act south of the rebel lines. These are the unmistakable ear-marks of the traitor. He may remonstrate; he may write down beneath the picture in large letters the word "patriot;" he may in very noisy and earnest words insist that he is a "sound Democrat," and that every man of his party who sustains the war is an "abolitionist;" yet after all he is neither a patriot nor a good democrat. You may turn him up-side down and inside out, and cleanse and wash him with all the pure waters of America, and you can make nothing out of him but a poor miserable traitor—just such a one as General Jackson would have strung up for treason in his day, and looked up the authorities afterwards. Although it is a sad and painful fact that such men do exist among us, yet the patriot should not be disheartened. The country is being sorely tried, and the contest must be expected to be protracted and bitter, as it is only a continuance of our revolutionary struggle between democracy and despotism. Both the past and the present furnish ample reason to sustain the faith of the true-herated friends of our Union. It is a well-known and well-established historical fact that in all ages and in all countries there have been men who, if they could not rule, used their utmost efforts to ruin. Even angels were not exempt from this frailty, as we learn from some early history of creation. Rome had her Cataline. The American Revolution produced Benedict Arnold. The war of 1812 had its Hartford Conventionists, and our Savior himself was tormented by a Judas Iscariot. We cannot hope to be exempt from the common frailties of our race. True Catiline had not the benefit of the light and knowledge of our times. Arnold had not witnessed the sublime spectacle of a self-governing republic. And we are told "that Judas," having some regard for the opinion of his fellow men, "repented, and departed and hanged himself." If all the secret foes of the country in our midst could be induced to imitate his example, and go and do likewise, the rebellion would speedily die for the want of sympathy.

Compromise is often magnanimous and peace desirable. But those who urge them upon us now fail to explain the terms of the first, or the basis of the second. From the very begining the rebels have not only refused to offer, but peremptorily declined to recieve any terms short of recognition. The lines are being plainly drawn and the issue made up. We have war for the restoration of the Union on one side, peace, with recognition, on the other. The people are not so blindly attached to any leader or leaders as to accept peace with dissolution. They will desert any leader who counsels such a step. But where shall the division be made? Who shall have the territories? Who pay the debts? Who shall have the capital—who our old memories and recollections? who our sea coasts? who our gold mines? who our lakes and rivers? We are all for peace, but let it not be made over the grave of our nation. We can have but one lasting peace, and that must be brought about by the destruction of the military power and strength of the rebellion, and will be celebrated over the prostrate, subdued and conquered carcase of the rebellion—that most wicked and infamous scourge that ever visited the human race. At the mere behests of party leaders we cannot, we will not, we dare not permit this nation to be destroyed, and democracy and republicanism throughout the world to perish. We must turn our backs upon all such leaders as boldly advocate the right of secession, or desire to see the rebellion succeed. Not only these, but all others who fail to support the government in every lawful effort to save the nation, merit and must recieve our condemnation. While we must regard personal liberty as ever sacred, and to be violated in no case, we must remember that these who are so loud with their complaints about a single case, and shut their eyes to hundreds of other cases near at hand, are very unsafe advisers. A citizen of Ohio is arrested for some real or imaginary cause, (and whether justly or unjustly matters not for the purposes of the present argument,) and the President and his cabinet are at once besieged by hundreds of anxious friends of the arrested party; a committee of sixty or more hasten from Ohio to Washington; the angry passions of the nation are aroused; riots and bloodshed are scarcely avoided; time and money are freely expended, and the Executive and his advisers have their attention withdrawn from the vital affairs of the nation to attend to this case. Just over in Tennessee are hundreds and thousands of as good men seized, imprisoned, robbed, and even murdered without cause, without trial, their property confiscated, their families beggared. No aid is offered, no money spent, no committees appointed, no sympathy, no anxious inquiries of the President about their welfare or condition and up to the present hour scarcely a single man of all that host which implored the restoration of the one individual in the first case has ever spent a dollar or urged an effort in behalf of the sufferers of Tennessee, or uttered a word of condemnation against the despotism which caused it. Thinking, reasoning and reflecting men of all parties cannot fail to see that there must be some reason for these strange inconsistencies. In many cases no word of murmuring or complaints is ever heard over any outrage or tyranny of rebels from certain quarters yet the same parties are ready and active in kindling the embers of party strife or inciting to riots, and murder because some notorious traitor has been punished without a constitutional trial. They seem to forget that the duties of the government and citizen are dependent and reciprocal, and when the citizen repudiates his part of the contract, and refuses to support or openly opposes the government, he has no longer any claim upon her for protection. The only legal or constitutional demand which any traitor can have under the law upon the government he betrays is a just claim for an ounce of Missouri lead, with a few grains of Deleware powder, or a single yard of Kentucky hemp. May they all have a plentiful supply in a very short period of time.

Our cause must not be lost. We must have faith. God is in history. From the creation of man to the present time his destiny has been onward and upward. Human progress may be slow, but it never can recede. Mankind have passed through various forms of government in different ages, and all reflecting men admit that Providence moves in history. We have had the patriarchal form of government for early ages, aristocracies, theocracies, monarchies—limited and absolute—despotism. All the forms of government of which we read in the history of our race were always more or less adapted to the wants of the people at the time according to their condition, as influenced by the various stages of education, the arts and sciences, as well as the climate and the habits and customs of the people. All these have been wisely controlled, moulded, influenced and altered by Providence to accomplish His own purposes in His own way, and at His own time. Through all these ages and through all these changes His hand has been distinctly visible. He is not yet done manifesting His purpose by His moving in the affairs of men. He watched over our infancy, and protected and prospered us far beyond the other nations of the earth. We have not yet fulfilled the high destiny which he has marked out for us among the children of men. Centuries ago he selected this continent as the garden of the earth for the future development of the race, sifted all the continents of the old world for the best seed to plant it, and reserve it as a glorious heritage for his chosen people. It has been carefully tilled from that time to the present, and is now just beginning to show a capacity for making a full return. We will not abandon it now. Our country has not yet fulfilled its great destiny among the nations of the earth. He will nerve the arms and steel the hearts of our patriot hosts to do and dare all that may be required for the preservation of the Union. Every man of them has been taught to feel and say, I fight for my country—the country which merits my love, my courage, my devotion, my hearts blood—my country's past renown, its present pride and power—its future hope and destiny—its greatness, glory, truth, constitutional liberty and freedom forever.

These are my watch words, and I fight not for honor in a distant land but for country, home, law, government, Constitution, freedom, right, humanity, and in the hope that the banner of my country may continually advance, and wheresoever that banner may wave there glory may pursue and freedom be established. For the sake of all these he will exclame with the Irish patriot Emmet "I will dispute every inch of ground: I will burn every blade of grass: and the last intrenchment of freedom shall be my grave."

It has been said, and it is most sincerely believed, that we can have no permanent peace until the military power of the rebellion shall have been subdued. True, sacrifices have been made, and many more will yet be offered up. But less blood will be required by this than by any other method that can be suggested. Permanent separation is never-ending war.

We must stand by our country right or wrong and come what may the starry banner must ever wave from the St. Lawrance to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean, and better far that desolation should spread from the Potomac to the Gulf, than that one star should be blotted from that flag or one stripe torn from its azure fold. Better that every full-grown man now living, both north and south, should become a martyr to this glorious cause of our Union and this government be left in the hands of the women and children of America for posterity and for mankind, than that one single foot of territory, subject to the just jurisdiction of the government of the United States, should be forcibly wrested from her power and control, or than that the doctrine of secession should be established. "If our republic must die, if the sun of liberty must go out in endless night, let it set amid the roar of cannon and the din of battle, when there shall be no longer an arm to strike or a heart to bleed in in its cause, so that coming generations may not reproach the present with being too imbecile to preserve the priceless legacy bequeathed by our fathers, so as to transmit it unimpaired to future times."

The question of a dissolution of this Union is the most momentous of all questions ever submitted to the judgement of mankind or to the arbitrament of the sword. To say that this republic is the arbiter of this continent and that our laws, customs and institutions will, sooner or later, absorb the weaker nations of the new world, is but a contracted view of the subject. With one arm on Europe and the other on Asia, we must and will be able to settle the political complexion of the race for ages to come. Modern science and improvements have made us the heart of the universe. In free institutions and the advance of civilization we are the federal representative of the human race. Our dissolution would put back the clock of the world for generations and centuries. It will be for us to determine whether we shall go on to fulfil the destiny which Providence seems to have marked out for us, or permit the hopes of humanity to be blasted and freedom to be buried in eternal night.

But our republic must not die. The nation will have virtue and patriotism enough to prosecute the war until every traitor in the land shall lay down his arms and return to his allegiance, or shall be driven from the soil which he desecrates or be deeply buried beneath it. Should our people fail in this their duty, may the red artillery of heaven open upon the heads of all traitors; and may that Providence which always heretofore has watched over and upheld us, and sustained our flag, with the fiercest flashes of His most vivid lightning, and with the heaviest bolts of his loudest thunder, smite every arm that dares to blot out one star or erase one stripe from that glorious flag.

We are called upon by the cries of widows and orphans all over our land, by the fresh and bleeding wounds of ten thousand heroes; by the green graves of ten thousand glorious martyrs starved or slain in defence of our liberties; by the love we bear to our children, and our respect for the memories of our fathers; and by all the glories of our early history; by all the claims of generations yet unborn; for the sake of mankind everywhere; and for the advancement of Christianity and the continuance of civil and religious liberty in the world, to stand by our country in victory and in defeat, until the great war of liberty and civilization shall be over and the nation saved. Then when our country shall again move on in her career of prosperity; when the Mississippi Valley shall be the home of millions; when all of our territory shall be densely populated; when great cities shall spring up on the banks of our rivers now flowing through deserts; when the cities of the Pacific coast shall surpass New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore; when education, religion, the arts and sciences shall flourish everywhere in our midst; when peace, prosperity and plenty shall smile upon our people, and the down-trodden and oppressed of every clime shall come here and be free; when the kings, princes and the tyrants of the old world shall tremble at our increasing power, and fear our influence and example among their own people; when they shall have been taught that no regal flowers can ever grow upon American soil; not even when transplanted, but that sooner or later all such must wither and die; when Mexico inspired by our example, or aided, if need be, by our strong arms, shall arise and clear from her soil the weak instrument of a tyrant's ambition; then, when the proud old flag of our fathers shall again float in triumph and perpetuity over the walls of Fort Sumter, and over every fort, ship, arsenal, city, town, and every square foot of territory belonging to our ancient inheritance; and when all the people of the land shall live in peace and unity together, and treason shall no more rear its wicked head, then will all even the most sceptical and the most timid, be convinced, and ever ready to exclaim that the noble old government of our fathers; the best that God ever vouchsafed to man, shall not be destroyed, but that the republic still lives and shall live forever.

LIST OF DRAFTED MEN DRAWN FOR BEDFORD COUNTY AT CHAMBERSBURG SEPTEMBER 21ST, 1864.

BEDFORD TOWNSHIP.

Michel Deihl	David Fetter
Wm M Hall	Wm Drenning
John Shuebly	Samuel Amos
W W Wisel	Samuel Thompson
David Earnest	Franklin B Smith
Wm Morehead	Philip Eernest
Fred Coile	Nath Smith
A J Reighart	Zacharias Wolf
David Wolf	Chas Smith
Geo W Dibert	Jacob Shunk
Samuel Bueher	Jacob Cowen
Wm B Lawler (col)	Adam Sammel
Alfred Barks (col)	John Knox
Vachel Brangle	Edwin Naus (col)
Adam Beegle	Abraham Barnhart
Wm Dishong	Joseph Beemiller
NicholesRussell	Andrew Brown (col)
Henry Naugle	John Crowman
Wm N Horn	Geo Colebaugh
Samuel Smith	William Phillips
Geo Cobler	John H Koontz
Samuel Walter	Jeremiah Elseroad
Abraham Hartzel	John Love (col)
Silas McPherson	Mathias Smith
James Rea	Wm Harris
John Griffith	Robert Lewis (col)
Calvin Shafer	Henry Grimes
Paul Right	Dannel S Defibaugh
Milward Morehead	David Beard
A J Kegg	Thomas Fetter
Phillip Zimmers	Adam Earnest
John Stair	Emanuel Smith
Josiah Mock	John Strominger
Johnathon Reighart	Aaron Zimmers
Jeramiah Bluder (col)	Adam Beegle
Conrad Wackfos	John N Points
Jas Miller	H W Bridaham
David Reighart	Wm Duncle
Joseph Alsip	Jackson Tildon
Jas Thompson	John Stoutnour
Charles Koons	Abraham Reighart
James Sower	Wm Fetter
Samuel Wills	Michael Stiffler
Wm Fletcher	David Schnebly
Henry Sill	Andrew E Dibert
Chas R Rea	Michael Dibert
Wm Herring	Wm Drenning
Daniel Walter	Adam F Miller
James B Colfelt	Walter B Gilson
Nathan Hammon	John W Ickes

COLERAIN TOWNSHIP.

George A Diehl	Fred B Beegle
Espy Diehl	John H Cessna
Hiram Stiffler	B F Gump
Henry Rose	Jonathan Bowser
H W Ressler	Martin Corle
Aaron Lape	Nicholas Diehl
G W Stuckey	Zaccheus Wertz
Samuel D Williams	Henry Dibert
Josiah Shaffer	Josiah Shoemaker
A J Davis	Christian Hetzel
Fred Price	Dan'l Croyle
Adam Diehl	Michael Gillam
John A Hershiser	Wm S Beegle
Wm Earnest	Sam'l Morgart
Josiah McClellan	Washington Stone
Wm H Diehl	Wm McDaniel
Josiah Pepple	Jacob Sellers
H P Diehl	Job Diehl
Reub Smith	John Shoemaker
David Dibert	Hezekiah McEldowny
Wm Bingham	Adam Harklerode
Jacob Bowser	Shadrack Hardsock
Thornton Ruby	A J Pennel
Daniel Shearer	G W Buxton
Josiah Ott	George Cessna
George Shaffer	Alexander Diehl
Jacob Bittinger	Wm C Snowden
Jacob Shaffer	John Bortz

CUMBERLAND VALLEY TOWNSHIP.

Samuel Simpson	Wm F Haney
Amon W Chilcot	Levi Valentine
Henry Brunner	John McClellan
Henry W Lee	James Hardinger
William Brant	Geo F Wertz
Tobias Boor	James Sigler
James Strawder (col)	Nathan Lee
Frank Shultz	Jos C Deremer
Daniel Rice	Henry Antzel
James Hook	Thomas Fisher
John W Wertz	Campbell Miller
Henry Boor	Samuel Boor
John B Drenning	Andrew Brant
John A Haas	Wm M McGuire
William J Hunt	Wm Bagley
George W Meckley	George Bammell
Andrew Lee	Henry Rise Jr
Jacob Wertz	Samuel Hendrixon
Samuel Wirt	Joseph Deremer
Taliafferro Wertz	Edward Rice
Francis E Morgart	Jacob Miller Jr
William Wertz	Michael Kaylor
George Leisure	Josiah Zembower
Francis Wertz	James Drenning
William Deremer	Jacob R Anderson
John A Gump	George Nave
Solamon Luman	Washington Miller
Martin F Boor	Edward Haney
John Growden Jr	Ben F Bruner

HARRISON TOWNSHIP.

John Cyphers	Daniel Miller
Samuel C Mullin	Frederick F Turner
Richard Plume	Samuel Burket
Alex W Shoemaker	Jacob C Devore
Adam F Miller	Joseph Nicodemus
John Leonard	George W Horn
John Dull	William Brant
Shannon Hardman	Benjamin M Baker
William A Powell	Elijah Miller
Joseph May	William M Hill
George Kerr	Oliver Knepper
Jacob Stihl	John Kyser
Charles Sifert	Joseph Brands
William Ream	Solomon Comp
Andrew P Miller	Barley Hughes
Elijah Miller	William Turner
David Hatters	Hezekiah E May

HOPEWELL TOWNSHIP.

James Fink	William P Smith
William Eichelberger	Elias Fluck
Jacob Troutman	Jacob Broadstone
James Hefner	Josiah Shaffer
George W Kinard	Lewis Fluck
Samuel Grove	Abraham K Fluck
Joseph Ross	Michael Stillinger
Samuel Davis	Esra P Kay
William Reed	James Piper
Jacob Cogen	Christian Nicely
William Brallier	John Hollon
David S Fluck	Samuel Heefner
George Foreman	Benjamin Hall
David Brallier	John Rath
Abraham Steel	Jacob Ham
David Bollman	George L Cook
Frederick Miller	George L Gladwell
Benjamin Donalson	Jeremiah Dunley
Henry Clapper	Oliver Fluck
William Gersuch	William Cypher
John B Fluck	Thomas Mellney

JUNIATA TOWNSHIP.

George Ellenberger	John Skelley
Johnathan Kable	Henry Strupman
Harman Walter	John Miller
Frank Ringler	John Smith
Davaid Kinsey	Urias Keiley
Henry Lehman	John Brant
Andrew Diehl	Thomas McCollof
Henry Bearcamp	Thomas A Barns
Joseph Garber	Washington Akelberry
Michael Flemming	John McFarn
John Hughes	Frederick Mowery
John G Smith	Benjamin F Tucker
Jacob Hillegas	David F Beard
Samuel Wocker	John Miller
Jacob Corley	Frederick Stroup
David Moyer	Isaac Fisher
James Cochenour	Michael Hickey
Abraham Wilt	Lewis Turner
George Schirer	Casper Stroup
Joseph Long	Mathias Hechard
William Keyser	James Rawlins
Joseph Shanefelt	Henry Mowery
John Arnell	John C Riffle
Charles Beltz	William Kinsey
William Palmer	Peter Dollinger
Jacob Hardman	Solomon Diehl
Adam Harrier	Joseph Horn
John Kyser	Frederick Hillegas

LONDONDERRY TOWNSHIP.

Joseph Burns	Jacob C Albright
Daniel Shroyer	John Porter
Jacob Willison	Daniel Seaver
George Classen	John Wilhelm
John Rush	Jacob L Albright
George Shaffer	Franklin Lowery
Greenbury Devore	Moses Porter
Jesse Smith	Samuel Wilhelm
Nathan Miser	Robert Lewis (col)
John E Lodgson	John Harden
Gause Simpson (col)	Aaron Luman
John Evans	J Gray Miller
John F Boor	Samuel Carpenter

Phillip Devore	Solomon Smith
Joseph Hardman	William J Carpenter
Augustus Staer	Solomon Herts
Solomon Cletz	Jacob F Smith
Jacob Schroyer	Adam Smith
Michael Boon	Gasper A Green (col)
Hanson Cook	James F Logue

MONROE TOWSHIP.

William Carnell	George Bowman
Philip Barkman	Elias Nycum
George Carnell	Hezekiah Rolland
David Moris	Wilson Nycum
William Guilum	David Conner
James Carneil	Joseph Mowery
Andrew Steckman	Michael H Lainor
Joseph Morse	William Amick
Jeremiah Ward	James Grove
Joseph Pittman	William Robins
Hiram Andrew	Jacob Furney
John Ward	Simon Kearns
John H Carns	Michael Fletcher
Henry O Neale (of Jos)	Samuel Strailhoof
Wilson Evans	William Grove
Wesly Layton	Job S Akers
John Clark	Harvey Grubb
George Hearman	George Nycum
William Elder	Daniel Weimer
Samuel Leich	David Fletcher
Peter Felton	Jason McDaniel
Jeremiah Mower	Charles Means
Barton Pennell	Aaron Feight
John Warham	Barton A Cooper
David Bishop	George May
Mason Davis	Sanson Markle
Harrison Bequeth	Hiram Robeson
Henry Hoopengardner	William McDaniel
Henry Markler	William V Redinger
John Busard	Peter Markle
Henry Mills	David Ward

NAPIER TOWNSHIP.

John Nunemaker	Robert Allison
John McGrew	Cyrus Ringler
William Wolff	John Williams
Adam E Diehl	Samuel W Miller
Benjamin Troutman	Jackson Crissman (of A)
James O Robinet	Peter Kephart
Jacob H Miller	Valentine Emmert
Jacob Mangus	John F Blackburn
Nicholas Sleek	Andrew J McCleary
Wm Whiteline	Samuel Hammer
George Blackburn	John G Feight
Miles McMillen	Josiah A Border
John Oldham	Augustus Greenwalt
Adam Stickler	George W Layton
Thomas O Mock	Nathan Crisman
George Basore	Richard E McMullin
Wm B Blackburn	Thomas Cleever
John Miller	Shadrack Hinton
Enos Ellis	Jacob Hall
George Bouger	Isaac Grazier
Henry S Miller	Luther Davis
John Black	Cyrus Penrose
Levi Otte	Samuel Taylor
Henry Hall	Augustus Blackburn
Henry R Koons	Ervin Wright
John M Hiner	John Wagoner
Rev H B Summers	John J Otte
Robert Blackburn	Simon B Kinton
Wm Miller	William Stultz
Jacob Mengus (of Jos)	Enos Blackburn
Wm Cuppet	Henderson Sowser
Michael Bowers	Samuel S Blackhurn
John S Otte	George Border
George C Riley	David Feight
David Lingenfelter	Uriah Kelley
John Mench	Nathan R Hubl
Uriah Kelly	Eli Blackburn
John H Scaulting	John H Border

EAST PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP.

Samuel Barnetz	Levi Feight
William Barnetz	Jacob Feelton
David Peck	John College (of H)
Amos McDaniel	Isaac Thomas
Jacob Hinish	Henry Hinish
Jacob Manspeaker	Adam Shuss
Nathan Mellott	Samuel Eshelman
Hezekiah Smith	Martin Weist
Isaac Conner	Andrew J Foor
Wm Whetstone	Jesse Peck
Joseph College	Wm Griffin
Oliver McDaniel	Lewis Smith
Jonas Layton	George Hinish
John H Koons	Jacob Carnes
Samuel Rice	Levi Shaffer
William A Stailey	Simon Foor
Henry Chamberlain	James Householder
Jacob Richey (of M)	John Richey
John Dunlap	Samuel Williams
Philip Clark	Heury C Lysinger
Henry College	James Richey
Raphael Sigler	Lucious Foor
John N Sams	Thomas Warner

WEST PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP.

James H Foor	Lewis M Smith
George Love (col)	John Manspeaker
Edward Blaher	Joseph Ritchey
Samuel French	Jacob J Foor
Lewis Conner	David C Sparks
Abraham Morgret	John Helmit
Joseph Bugard	William S Snider
Abel G Houck	Jonas Pittman
Stephen Weaverling	David Seasure
Joseph S Bugard	David Steckman
Joseph Sparks	Samuel Pittman
Zachariah Clark	John Cook
Thomas J Helurck	Samuel Irons
Wilson W Sparks	Philip V Hollar
Silas Sparks	John Pittman
Philip V King	Jeremiah Weight
Morgan Hill	Ezekial Cook
Emanuel J Riley	Anthony Shaffer
John J Dibert	Frederick A Snider

SNAKE SPRING TOWNSHIP.

John Snider	David Curley
Thomas Dibert	Peter Koontz (of J)
William Furney	Wm Cessna
Andrew College	Philip Little
Christian Friend	Samuel Stoutnour
William Grissinger	Jacob Snyder
William Mortimore	Andrew Dean (col)
Abraham Ritchey	James Armstrong
John Dibert	Wm Ritchey
Zacharia Clark	Elias Diehl
Jacob Daugherty	Jacob Lingenfelter
Philip Wilds	John Shuss
Andrew Mortimore	Adam Leonard
Joseph Mortimore	Daniel Hershberger
John Bowman	John Kephart

SOUTHAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

Bartley Miler	David S Rice
Andrew Runell	James Collins
Jacob Liames	David Liams
Westly Collins	Jacob Reefer
Wm P Johnston	Henry Bennett
Henry S Eddison	John J Johnston
Otho Elbin	Abraham Clites
Amos Robinett	Wm Wilkinson
John B Wigfield	John W Lashley
Hiram Perdon	Perry Deal
James M Pursell	John E Roberts
Isaac W Smith	Thomas Jay
Elisha Smith	Jesse Castell
Geo W Marton	Thomas Hymes
Abraham Bridges	Maleen Smith
Robert Summerville	Equiller Smith
John A Rouland	Joseph Snider
Dauson Barnes	Joseph Bennett
Asa Johnston	Bartley Smith
John G Leasure	George Lewell
Francis Donaho	Jackson Shaffer
James Northcraft	George W Buxton
Joseph Bowman	George S Bennett
Samuel Johnson	Jonathan Wilsou
Thomas Wigfield	Henry Liams
Elias Wigfield	George W Buxton
Garah Collins	George Miller
John Liams	James Troutman
Benton Bridges	James Browning
Hezekiah Rowland	James Aarons
Westley Sowser	Bernard Diehl
John Hass	John H W Drake
Norman McElfish	Philip Keal
Hezekiah Northcraft	Bernard Liams

MIDDLE WOODBERRY TOWNSHIP.

Josiah Glenn	Wm Cashman
David R Imler	Abraham Kensinger
Daniel Ober	Thomas Lamburn
J W Detwiler	John White
Samuel Strayer	Peter L Keagy
Samuel Appleman	John Appleman
John B Cashman	Moses Blackburn
Jesse Justice	John Reiff
Jeremiah Croft	Amos M'Kee
Charles Ross	Jos Snowden
Geo Strayer	Enos Drollinger
Lafayette Burns	David S Hafiy
Andrew Pote	Jacob Settle
David Stewart	David Johnston
John E Barnard	Jacob N Smith jr
Peter Hoover	Fred Imler
Samuel Garver	Jos Stoermer
Jacob Wilen	Jacob Cashman jr
Nicholas Hyssong	John Dick
Geo W Hafly	Jacob College
Enos E Rogers	Augustus Flaugh

Geo Sharp	Ben L Longenecker
Wm Moore	Alex Sell
Geo Keagy	Mathias Imler
Wm Potter	Geo M'Lain
Simon Blake	Levi Stephy
Jas W Trimbath	James Dolan
Wm S Carper	Henry Clapper
Michael Dick	Denis Morgan
Amos Kensinger	John Messner
Jacob B Grimes	Easton Blake
Henry Mitchell	John Dilts
Levi Cramer	Frank Hartman
Peter Cline	Samuel B Kokmour
Christian Holsinger	Jacob Smith
Michael Burns	Daniel Byers
Wm Roberts	James Miller
John S Sell	Wm McGregor
Rudolph S Hoover	Wm Stull
Jere B Hollinger	Michael Pote
Anthony Stoermer	Jacob Hollinger
Daniel S Stayer	Dan'l Snowberger
Elkana Russell	Phillip S Bassler
John H Miller	Wm Frederick
Isaac Hoffman	David D Snowberger
Amos A Shade	Aaron Zeigler
Nathaniel P Reed	Samuel Frederick
Charles C Martin	Charles Madder

The Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD PA., FRIDAY, SEPT., 30 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS
WILLIAM H. KOONTZ,
OF SOMERSET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE,
ALEXANDER KING.
OF BEDFORD.

LEGISLATURE,
D. B. ARMSTRONG, of Bedford.
MOSES A. ROSS, of Somerset.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ABRAHAM H. HULL.

POOR DIRECTOR,
ASA STUCKEY.

AUDITOR,
EMANUEL J. DIEHL.

THE MASS MEETING to be held in Bedford Saturday should draw a large attendance. No man having the success of a cause so inspiring as ours, will fold his arms in lethargic indifference to the importance of arousinng the enthusiasm of the people. Let every body come. Mr. Cessna will give a scathing expesure of the unpatriotic sympathies of the leeders of the "Democracy."

MOSES A. ROSS, our candidate for the Assembly from Somerset county, is a successful merchant at Addison in that county. Mr. Ross is a clear headed earnest Union man of good business habits, and cannot fail to make a most excellent representative.

The Penna. C. R. R. having appropriated fifty thousand dollars towards the education of orphan children of soldiers, J. W. Lingenfelter Esq. of this Borough has been appointed agent to act in the matter for this county.

THE TICKET for President Judge must be voted separately, it should be cut off and tied to the remainder of the ticket.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR, Post master General has resigned. Ex Gov. Denniston of Ohio has been appointed in his stead.

GEN. S. F. CAREY, of Ohio, will speak at the mass meeting of Saturday next in Bedford. Gen. Carey has the reputation of being one of the ablest speakers in the whole country.

Gold is down to 184, a fall of 75 per cent. within the last three weeks.

A telegram from Washington city announces that all, who have paid commutaton wil be exempted from the late draft.

HON. WM. H. KOONTZ.—Accounts from all parts of the district give cheering evidence of the increasing popularity of onr candidate for Congress. His modest and gtntlemanly deportment, and his earnest eloquence in defence of the old flag are winning him troops of friends, wherever he makes his appearance. It only requires an earnest effort on the part of the friends of the good cause to secure his triumphant election.

THE DRAFT.

The draft for Bedford County was made at Chambersburg on the 21st inst. But few of the districts had filled their quotas, so that nearly the whole county was drafted. The school Boards and citizens of Bedford Borough, Bloody Run Borough and Broadtop township raised a sufficient sum to pay a bounty of $530, and thus relieved themselves from the conscription. Every district in the County might and should have been relieved if the Copperhead Commissioners had done as they should have done. If they had exercised the power given them by the laws passed at the late sessions of the legislature they could easily have raised a sum sufficient to have procured volunteers, and thus have prevented a single man from being drafted. The Commissioners of other counties did so and the citizens of these counties are no doubt to-day rejoicing that they were saved, all trouble by the timely action of their public officers. But the Commissioners of Bedford county could not *see it*. They were urged over and over again to take action upon the subject, but the advice of our most prudent, wise, and prominent men—men too who are large property holders—was disregarded and the consequence is that hundreds of the citizens of the county have been conscripted. We hope that the conscripts will remember all such officers. We trust also that they will not forget the Copperhead leaders who adviced the Commissioners to pursue the course that they have taken. They talk long and loud about "slaughter pens." Recollect conscripts who put you into these pens.

PRECEPT VS. EXAMPLE.

The Copperhead leaders in Bedford Borough have taken special pains, in season and out of season, to denounce the war and every thing connected with it, particularly the draft which was so strongly recommended by General McClellan.—No language was sufficiently bitter to express their feelings upon that subject. The war they say ought to be stopped. No man ought to enlist and the conscription should be resisted. The President calls for five hundred thousand more men to put down the infamous rebellion. Thousands of patriotic men volunteer, but the quota of Pennsylvania is not filled and a draft must be made to obtain the deficiency. Bedford county is largely in arrear; her copperhead Commissioners refusing to raise money to pay a bounty, and her copperhead leaders discouraging enlistments. Their teaching paralize all efforts which would have been made in the different districts to escape the draft. Time moves on. The draft is made but Bedford Borough has filled her quota. Their cunning leaders have taken good care of themselves and the people of the country districts who followed the bad course of their leaders may suffer.

FREMONT AND COCHRANE.

The hopes of the peace-at-any-price-men, founded in the supposed divisions in the ranks of the Union party, which, it was fondly imagined, would grow out of the Cleaveland nominations, have suddenly been blasted.—The nominees of this convention have wisely concluded to postpone the settlement of the issues they felt induced to raise, until after the subjugation of the rebellion, believing that the first and most important thing to be done, is the restoration of the authority of the government over all the states in revolt; and that, when this is accomplished, it will be time enough for the radical democracy to present their platform to the consideration of the people.

General Cochran says;—"We stand within view of a rebellion suppressed—within hail of a country reunited and saved. War lifts the curtain and discloses the prospet. War has given to us Atlanta, and war offers to us Richmond. Shall we exchange the proffered victory for a "cessation of hostilites?" No! As we fought at the beginning we should fight to the end; and when the rebellion shall have laid down its arms may we peacefully reconstruct whatever the war for the Union shall be found to have spared. "Lay down your arms" then; as it was at the commencement so it is now, all that is demanded by loyal Americans of their rebellious brothers."

With such a prospect before him how could he hesitate? How could Fremont hesitate?—How could any man hesitate as to the proper course to be pursued?—If all true hearted, honest men, in this struggle of the country for national life, would be willing to forego the claims of party, how soon would the rebellion be crushed, and a permanent peace restored to this bleeding land!—General Cochran regards his country before every other question or consideration, and believes, whatever candid man cannot but admit, that the only hope of safety and peace, is in a vigorous prosecution of the war.—His language on this point is stronger than any thing we can write—Hear him;—

"But before all these is our country. It is menaced by rebellion. Loyal armies alone protect it. Should those armies retreat, and our protection be withdrawn? or should they advance, and our safety be established? Shall there be peace through the concessions of politicians, or peace through the action of war? That is the question.

PEACE AND DIVISION, OR WAR AND THE UNION. Other alternative there is none. And, as I still am of the mind that once led me to the field with the soldiers of the republic, I cannot now hold a position which, by dividing, hazards the success of all those who, whatever their differences at other points, agree, as upon the question of firstconsequence, that the restoraton of the Union cannot be effected without the uninterrupted continuation of tee war."

The alternative here presented, is not only the true one; but it is, at the same time, the most momentous that mankind have been called upon to consider—Division or Union! Who can calculate the the terrible consequences of the one, or properly estimate the blessings of the other? The effects of either will be felt for ages to come. Oh! that men would ponder the issue, and, in disregard of party ties and party interests, come up to a full stature of a true American in their decision.—Let all think deeply and long before they give their voice and influence in favor of a division of this glorious Union.

Are the Germans Wrong in Wanting our Bonds?

Not a bit of it! No shrewder, thriftier people, in matters of money, exist on earth. Our Jersey people and New England people are a frugal, industrious people, but they can't save money like the Germans. All Germany is a great savings bank. It is true that their working men are not so rich, on an average, as our woreing men, because they dont get more than one quarter the wages of our men. But a German can save money, and he knows when it is safe. Now these shrewd, thrifty Germans want our bonds. They want them by Millions. They turn aside from the great beggars of the world in Europe, and come to us Republicans. They treat the notes of Napoleon and Joseph and Maximilian with indifference, but want to discount all the American notes they can get. The *London Times* says this is all wrong—that the Republicans in America are all bankrupt, and the Germans must be crazy to slight British and French beggars, and go begging, themselvs, to America. Are they crazy? We ask *Poor Richard* what he thought about it. "Why," said he, "how can they be crazy, when they are doing just what I did a little more than a year ago, when I put my little savings into Government six per cents? Now see what I got by it; just count up. I have received six per cent. in gold, which averaged 100 per cent. in currency, making 12 per cent. income. Now, to-day, my bond is salable in New York market at 10 ber cent. premium. Put these together, and to-day I have 22 per cent for one years use of my money! What do you think of that? You know, as well as I do, that there are thousands of people who did this, and to-day they have 22 per cent. on their investments. Why I saw Miss Jones, our school-mam, go to the bank and buy a $500 bond. How she got the money I don't know, but these Yankee schoolmistresses are firstrate hands at taking care of themselves. Well, now, count up. If miss Jones sells her bonds to-day she gets her $500 back safe, and she gets $110 clear gain. Can you sharp fellows down there in William street do any better? You know I told Mr. Smith the banker, my ideas about that, and he bought $5,000 six per cent. bonds, and you see he got 1,100 for a years use of his money. I met him the other day, and he said, 'Poor Richrrd, you are right; I begin to think, the government can take care of itself, and us too. For my part, I mean to buy some of the 7.30's. The rates of interest is high enough, and in three years they will turn into six per cent. bonds again.' 'Yes, Mr. Smith, it is right, on the money side; but, it is right on the country's side too. Help yor country, or it can't help you. Now, I say the Germans are not only right but they would be right if they got half that interest. They cannot make a quarter of it at home. So thought Poor Richard, and so think we. When we think of the German opinion of our situation and our financial strength, we must remember that they are far better judges of our condition than we are, or our enemies are. They are lookers on, at a great distance. They have none of our enmities or prejudices. They can examine the facts disinterestedly. They do; and the result is a verdict that the American Government is stable—its ability and integrity in meeting its financial engagements unquestionable. This verdict, too, is founded on a series of facts which are unimpeachable, and well known to every intelligent American. Take two or three of the most important: 1. The United States doubles its population each twenty-five year. The population of the country, which in 180 was twenty-three millions, will in 1875 be forty-six millions. But the rebellion! says some one How much has the rebellion diminished the strength of the United States? Take this astonishing fact, that if all the Rebel States had been sunk in the Pacific Ocean, the United States would in 1875 have a population equal to that of the whole in 1860. In other words, fifteen years will supply the total loss of the eleven original Rebel States! What can impede the progress of such a country? 2 The wealth of the country increased 127 per cent. in ten years! Now let it increase but 80 from 1860 to 1870, and it will amount to ten times all the loans of the government. The German knows what he is about. He will get the largest income from loans in the world, on the safest security. No such opportunity has occurred before for the investment of money, and in all probability will never occur again. If the American does not know and take advantage of this, the German and Frenchman will.—*Ex.*

Withdrawal of General Fremont.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—Gentlemen:—I feel it my duty to make one step more in the direction indicated by my letter of the 26th of August, and withdraw my name from the list of candidates.

The Presidential question has in effect been entered upon such a way that the union of the Republican party has become a paramount necessity. The policy of the Democratic party signifies either separation or re-establishment with slavery. The Chicago platform is simply separation. General McClellan's letter of acceptance is re-establishment with slavery.

The Republican candidate, on the contrary, is pledged to the re-establishment of the Union without slavery; and, however hesitating his policy may be the pressure of his party will he may hope, force him to it.

Between these issues I think no man of the libera' party can remain in doubt, and I believe I am consistent with my antecedent in withdrawing—not to aid in triumph of Mr. Lincoln, but to do my part towards preventing the election of the Democratic candidate.

In respect to Mr. Lincoln I continue to hold exactly the sentiments contained in my letter of acceptance. I consider that his Administration has been politically, militarily and financially a failure, and that its necessary continuance is a cause or regret for the country

There never was a greater unanimity in the country than was exhibited here at the fall of Sumter, and the South was powerless in the face of it; but Mr. Lincoln completely paralized this generous feeling. He destroyed the strength of the position and divided the North when he declared to the South that slavery should be protected.—He has built up for the South a strength which otherwise they could have never attained, and this has given them an advocate on the Chicago platform.

The Cleveland Convention was to have been in open avowal of that condemnation which men had been freely expressing to each other for the past two years, and which had been made fully known to the President, but in the uncertain condition of affairs leading men were not found willing to make public a dissatisfaction and condemnation which could have rendered Mr. Lincoln's nomination impossible, and their continued silence and support established for him a character among the people which leaves now no choice.

United the Republican party is reasonably sure of success; divided the result of the Presidential election is at least doubtful.

I am, gentlemen, very truly yours,

J. C FREMOT.

To Messrs. George L. Stearns and others, committee, &c.

THE WAR FOR THE UNION.

[OFFICIAL BULITIN.]

WAR DEPARTMENT, Sept. 26.

Major General Dix, New York:

Despatches from General Sheridan, dated 11 o'clock Saturday night, six miles south of New Market, have been received. He had driven the enemy from Mount Jackson without being able to bring on an engagement. The enemy were running rapidly, and he had no cavalry present to hold them.

Gen Torbert (Sheridan's cavalry commander) had attacked Wickham's force at Laury and captured a number of prisoners.

General Sheridan found Rebel hospitals in all the towns from Winchester to Newmarket, and he was eighty miles from Martinsburg.

Twenty pieces of artillery were captured at Fisher's Hill with eleven hundred prisoners, a large amount of ammunition, caissons, limbers, &c., a large amount of entrenching tools, small arms and debris.

No list of captured material had yet been received.

The small towns through the Valley have a great many of the enemy's wounded.

General Stevenson reports the arrival at Harper's Ferry of a train of our wounded, twenty captured guns and eighty additional captdred officers.

General Breckinridge has gone to take command of the Rebel Department of the South-west.

A despatch received this morning from General Sherman's command states that General Hood appears to be moving toward the Alabama line. A strong force of Rebel raiders were reported to be operating against General Sherman's communications, and had captured Athens, Alabama. Vigorous exertions were being made to overtake and destroy this force

Jeff. Davis is reported to be at Macon.

Reports have also been received from Major Gen. Canby. Gen. Steele has been strongly reinforced, and has taken the offensive.

Depatches from Lieut. Gen. Grant, dated at 10 o'clock last night, report no military operations.

The above comprises the substance of military information proper for publication, received to the present date, by this Department.

[Signed,] EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

ANOTHER VICTORIOUS BATTLE.

Early's Army Completely Routed--Sixteen Guns and Many Prisoners Captured--Early's Mission in the Valley Ended--Sheridan's Official Report!

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23, 3:30 P. M.

Sheridan's victory proves to be signal and complete. Nothing but the coming of night appears to have saved even a remnant of Early's army. The following dispatches of Gen. Stevenson and Maj. Gen. Sheridan's official report to Gen Grant, gives the paticulars thus far received:

HARPER'S FERRY, Sept. 23.

To Hon. Edwin M. Stanton:—Military line down. The affair is complete and overwhelming

JNO. D. STEVENSON,
Brig.-Gen.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE MILITARY DIVISION
NEAR WOODSTOCK, 11 30 P. M Sept. 22.

To Lieutenant Gen. Grant, Commanding armies of the United States, City Point:

I have the honor to report that I have achieved a most signal victory over the army of Gen. Earley's, at Fishers' Hill, to-day. I found the rebel army posted with its right resting on the north fork of the Shenadoan, and extending across the Strasburg valley westward to north Mountain, occupying a position which appeared almost impregnable. After a good deal of manoevering during the day, Gen. Crook's command was transferred to the extreme right of the line on the North Mountain, and he furiously attacked the left of the enemy's line, carrying everything before him. While Crook was driving the enemy in the greatest confusion, and sweeping and driving them behind their breastworks, the 6th and 19th army Corps attacked the rebel works in front, and the whole rebel army appeared to be broken up. They fled in the utmost confusion. Sixteen guns were captured, also a great many caissons, artillery horses, ect., ect.

I am to-night pushing on down the valley. I cannot say how many prisoners I have captured, nor do I know either my own or the enemy's casualties. Only the darkness saved the whole of Early's army from total destruction.

The attack could not be made until four o'clock in the evening, which left but little daylight to operate in.

The first and third cavalry divisions went down the Lury valley, to-day and if they push on vigorously to the main valley, the result of this day's engagement will be still more signal.

The victory was very complete. A more detailed report will be made as soon as I can obtain the necessary data.

P. H. SHERIDAN,
Major General Commanding.

It will be remembered that Early's command embraced the Stonewall Brigade, and troops constituting Stonewall Jackson's corps, and was the *elite* of the rebel army.

E M. STANTON, Sec'y of War.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

THE undersigned will offer at public out-cry

On TUESDAY, the 27th of September, next

the following described Real Estate viz:

His FARM in Napier Township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of Edwin V. Wright, Joseph F. Blackburn, William Border, and others, containing 169 Acres and the usual allowances, about 100 Acres cleared and all under fence, there is about 50 Acres of best quality of Sand Bottom, about 50 Acres of good Meadow land, and nearly all the remainder of Limestone quality. The improvements are a large FRAME HOUSE, and large FRAME BANK BARN, with other out-buildings. There has been about 1800 panel of Fence built within the last two years. This is one of the best Farms in the upper end of the County. Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms of payment accommodating to purchasers by

GEO. BLACKBURN.

Aug. 26, 1864,-ts.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

Personal Property.

THE subscriber living in Bedford Township, Bedfor County, will sell at his residence by public out-cry

On TUESAY, 13th of September, next,

the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

Four head of Draught Horses, 1 Sucking Colt, 1 Milch Cow, 6 head of Young Cattle, 2 head of Beef Cattle, 125 head of Sheep, 5 head of Stock Hogs, 1 Sow and Pigs, 2 FOUR HORSE WAGONS, 1 SPRING WAGON, 1 Wagon Bed, Bows and Cover, 1 pair of Wood Ladders, 1 pair of Hay Ladders, 1 Carriage, 1 Carriage Tongue, 1 Winnowing Mill, 2 Grain Cradles, 1 sett of Breechbands 1 set of Front Gears, 2 setts of Carriage Harness, Plows, Harrows, 1 Dinner Bell, and many other articles too numerous to enumerate.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock of said day when terms will be made known and a reasonable credit given by

ZACHARIAH DIEHL.

Aug. 26, 1864,-ts. JOHN ALSIP, Auct'r.

Estrays.

TWO stray heifers of a dark red color, came to the premises of the subscriber, on the 11th of July, in West Providence township, near Juniata crossing.—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

August 5th, 1864.—3t. JOHN BUCK.

A NUMBER of years have elapsed since the introduction of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS to the public. The prejudice in the minds of many persons against what are denominated patent medicines at first greatly retarded its sale; but as its virtues and merits became known, this barrier of prejudice was overthrown, and the demand increased so rapidly that in a few years scarcely a village existed in the United States in which he afflicted had not experienced the benefits arising from the use of the "Bitters," and at the present day there are to be found IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD vouchers for the great merits of the article. No greater cure for Dyspepsia can be found. *See advertisement.*

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned residing in Bedford Borough, upon the estate of Wilson Spidle, dec'd., late of said Borough, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

J. R. DURBORROW,
Administrator.

Aug. 19th, 1864.—6t.

TO THE YOUNG OR OLD,

Male or Female, if you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the YOUTH OF BOTH SEXES, which causes so many alarming symtoms. It unfits them for Marriage, and is the Greatest Evil which can befall MAN OR WOMAN. See symtoms enumerated in Advertisement, and if you are a sufferer, cut out the Advertisement and send for it at once. Delays are dangerous. Ask for Helmbold's take no other. Cure guarranied.

Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations. [jy1-1m.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Diseases of the NerVous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment—in reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—sentby mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

OF A LOT OF CORN.

TWO-THIRDS of Twelve Acres of CORN and FODDER standing, will be sold

On WEDNESDAY, August 31st.

at 1 o'clock, P. M., on Weaver B. Cessna's Farm, six miles south of Bedford, on the Cumberland Valley Road. Also, an Acre and a-half of BUCKWHEAT, and a small lot of POTATOES. JOSEPH S. LARGENT.

Aug. 26, 1864,-1t*

Estray Heifer.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Hopewell Township, on or about the 7th of September, a white and red spotted heifer, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay damages, and take her away. PIAS LITTLE.

Sept. 9, 1864.—3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscribers on the Estate of Ann Maria Barbara Hillegas, late of Harrison township, Bedford county, deceased.

All persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

PETER R. HILLEGAS,
JACOB B. HILLEGAS,
Administrators.

July 1, 1864-6t*

BANNVART'S TROCHES,

For the cure of Hoarseness, Throat Diseases, &c., are especially recommended to Ministers, Singers and persons whose vocation calls them to speak in public.

Read the following

TESTIMONIALS,

From some of our Eminent Clergymen.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 8th, 1864.

C. A. BANNVART—*Dear Sir:* I have used Brown's Bronchial Troches, Wistar's Lozenges and other preparations for hoarseness and Throat Troubles, and in comparison with them all, can cheerfully commend your own as a most admirable specific for public speakers and singers, in cases of Hoarseness, coughs and colds. I have found them serving in time of need most effectually.

To C. A. BANNVART—*Dear Sir:* In the habit of speaking very frequently, and in places where the vocal organs are very much taxed, I have found the need of some gentle expectorant, and that want has been supplied in your excellent Troches. I consider them very far superior to any Lozenges that I have ever used, in removing speedily that huskiness of the voice arising from its too frequent use, and impairing the effectiveness of the delivery of public addresses. Yours, &c.,

JNO. WALKER JACKSON,
Pastor of the Locust Street Methodist Church.

To C. A. BANNVART—*Dear Sir:*—Having used your Troches, I am free to say they are the best I have ever tried, and take great pleasure in recommending them to all persons afflicted with soar throat or huskiness of voice arising from public speaking or singing.

Yours, &c.,
G. G. RAKESTRAW,
Pastor of Ridge Avenue Methodist Church.

I agree with Mr. Robinson as to the value of Bannvart's Troches.
W. C. CATTELL,
Late Pastor of the O. S. Presbyterian Church.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
C. A. BANNVART & CO.,
HARRISBURG, PA.,
To whom all orders should be addressed.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

April 29th, 1864.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES!

THE subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia where he has purchased a large and select stock of

PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES,

Photograph Albums,

of all styles, holding from 12 to 200 pictures; of prices varying from 75 cents to $20.00, suitable for the pocket or the parlor.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, &c., &c., taken as low as 25 cents.

Pictures of every kind and description copied to suit the Album size or life size, on the most reasonable terms and in the most durable manner.

Instructions in the art given on moderate terms.

Skylight Gallery, opposite the Washington Hotel.

Bedford, June 10, 1864. T. R. GETTYS.

New Advertisements.

HEADQUARTERS OF PROVOST-MARSHAL,
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT, Pennsylvania.
CHAMBERSBURG, September 3rd, 1864.

I have been directed to make public the following announcement:

CAPTAIN, AND PROVOST MARSHAL,
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT, Pennsylvania.

TO VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEERS will be accepted and counted on the quotas of the present call, up to the last practical moment before the drafted men are accepted and sent to rendezvous. Townships and Sub-districts which have not filled their quotas, are urged to do so at once.

All time that can possibly be given will be allowed, but the draft will commence as soon after the 5th of September as practicable.

Credits will be given, and Government bounty paid to Volunteers until further orders,

By Order of
CAPT. RICHARD L. DODGE,
A. A. P. M. General.
WILLIAM SCHEFFLER,
Capt. and A. A. A. General.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 31, 1864.—3t

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will offer for sale, by public outcry, on the premises on Saturday, the 8th day of October, A. D., 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M.: the following described Real Estate, late the property of George M. Holsinger, dec'd., situate in St. Clair township, in said county, viz:

NO. 1. The mansion place of said deceased, containing 235 acres, and 64 perches neat measure, of which about 100 acres are cleared and under fence, and having thereon erected a two story large frame dwelling house a large bank barn, a spring house, and wash house, with tenant house above them: a smoke house, a dry house, blacksmith's shop, and other out buildings. There are two orchards on this property, and a never failing spring of soft water.

NO. 2. A tract of land adjoining the above, containing 79 acres and 36 perches neat measure, of which about 40 acres are cleared and under fence, and having thereon erected a two story log dwelling house with stone kitchen attached, a log barn, a spring house and other out buildings. There are upon the property an orchard, and a never failing spring of soft water.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to remain in the hands of the purchaser, a lien upon the land, during the lifetime of the widow of said dec'd.; the interest thereof to be paid to her annually, and the principal at her death to the heirs. One third in hand at the confirmation of the sale, and the remaining third in two equal annual payments without interest, secured by payment bonds.

THOMAS S. HOLSINGER,
Trustee.

September 9, 1864.—ts.

HEADQUARTERS OF PROVOST-MARSHAL,
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT, PENN'A.
CHAMBERSBURG, August 22d, 1864.

The Provost Marshal General directs notice to be given that inquiries on all ordinary subjects connected with the enrolment, draft, exemptions, liability to draft, credits, and accounts of men furnished, should be addressed to the Provost-Marshal of the District to which the business appertains.

In case the latter officer cannot give the information sought, he will apply to the Provost Marshal General of the Division or State. Answers may thus be secured more promptly than by addressing the Provost Marshal General at Washington, where more important business often prevents prompt answers to inquiries upon business of minor consequence.

GEO. EYSTER,
Capt. & Pro. Mar., 16th Dist., P

Aug. 26, '64-3t.

ESTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber in St. Clair township, about the first of June, one stray HEIFER with white back and blue sides. No other marks. Supposed to be about three years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JOSEPH FERGUSON.

Aug. 12-3t*

THE BEDFORD HOUSE,

AT HOPEWELL,

BY HARRY DROLLINGER,

EVERY attention given to make guests comfortable, who stop at this House.

Hopewell, July 29, 1864 tf.

Baughman, Gump & Co.,

BLOODY RUNBEDFORD COUNTY, PA.,

Dealers in all kinds of Hardware, Iron, Nails, Stoves, Tinware, Wooden Ware, Window Glass, Oils, Paints, Brushes, Lamps, Lamp Fixtures, Bacon, &c., &c. Persons building will find it to their interest to give us a call, as we keep a general assortment of building furnishing.

We will pay the highest price in Cash or trade for
Clover, Timothy and Flax Seed.
Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn.
Beans, Dried Apples and Peaches.
Tallow, Beeswax, Feathers Wool and Rags.
Old Copper and Brass.

GIVE US A CALL! GIVE USA CALL!!

Bloody Run, Aug. 12, 1864.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Isaac M. Imler, late of Union Township, dec'd., having been granted by the Register of said County, to the subscriber residing in Blair County, Pa. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims against it will make the same known without delay.

JOSIAH IMLER.
Administrator.

Aug. 26, 1864.-6t

O YES! ANOTHER O YES!

THE undersigned have entered into a Partnership in the

AUCTIONEERING AND SALE-CRYING

Business, and take pleasure in offering their services to their old friends and the public generally. They will attend promptly to all business entrusted to them.

ISAAC MILLER,
DAVID T. AKE.

NEW GOODS

AT

MRS. STEWART'S.

Call and See Them.

Notice to Tresspassers.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from TRESPASSING on the "Grove Farm," for the purpose of Hunting, Fishing, gathering Greens, Berries, or Passing through the enclosures.

may20'64-3m. J. W. SLONAKER.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED?

DR. BUCAN'S

ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS cure, in less than 30 days, the worst cases of NERVOUSNESS, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual and Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, post-paid, by mail, on receipt of an order. One Box will perfect the cure in most cases. Address

JAMES S. BUTLER,
General Agent, 427 Broadway, New York.

jly 22-64,-3m.

A Card to the Suffering

SWALLOW two or three hogsheads of "Buchu," Tonic Bitters," "Sarsaparilla," "Nervous Antidotes," &c., &c., &c., and after you are satisfied with the result, then try one box of OLD DOCTOR BUCHAN'S ENGLISH SPECIFIC PILLS—and be restored to health and vigor in less than thirty days. They are purely vegetable, pleasant to take, prompt and salutary in their effects on the broken-down and shattered constitution. Old and young can take them with advantage. Imported and sold in the United States only by

JAS. S. BUTLER,
No. 427 Broadway, N. Y.
Agent for the Unite States.

P. S.—A Box of the Pills, securely packed, will be mailed to any address on receipt of price, which is ONE DOLLAR, post paid—money refunded by the Agent if entire satisfaction is not given.

jyl,64—3m.]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Editor of the Inquirer:

DEAR SIR:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail, to all all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in 10 days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
831 Broadway, New York.

61—3m.]

The Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD PA., FRIDAY, SEPT. 30, 1864.

AN APPRENTICE, (a boy about sixteen years old, intelligent and industrious) to learn the art of printing will be received at this office. Immediate application should be made. tf.

THE INQUIRER is a better medium than any other paper, for communicating with the people of Bedford county. It has a circulation of over twelve hundred and steadily increasing. Advertisements in this paper, reach a thousand readers more, than they would, published in any other paper that circulates in this county. tf.

We give the lists of drafted men in this county, South Woodbury, St. Clair, Schellsburg and Union excepted, which we could not procure in time for this week, they will be given next week.

We are in receipt of interesting communications, which we have not been able to use for the past two or three weeks, we shall try very hard to give our readers some of the most interesting next week.

WE VERY much regret the temporary necessity, that prevents us from giving a greater variety and amount of matter. Our very heavy pressure of election printing, the presswork for our large edition, and the lack of force, are sufficient causes for the present deficiencies of the INQUIRER, as our readers will no doubt readily believe. We think there is a good prospect of relief and improvement close at hand, our power press is on the way from New York, and will be in operation we hope within a week; our working force will also be permanently increased and we feel confident that we shall be able to make the INQUIRER more deserving of support than it ever has been.

Union Mass Meetings.

The Union men of the different Boroughs and Townships of Bedford County who desire to maintain the integrity of the nation through the triumph of the Union ticket at the coming election will unite in holding meetings at the following designated points where they will be addressed by prominent speakers.

New Enterprise South Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 1 o'clock P. M.

Woodberry Middle Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 7 o'clock P. M.

Ritchey's School House Snakes Spring Twp Friday Oct. 7th at 7 o'clock P. M.

Fairplay Broad Top Twp. Saturday Oct. 8th at 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the County Committee.
G. W. RUPP.
Chairman.

WE ARE often surprised to find so few SEWING MACHINES in use, in our section of the country. In the large cities, every family has its sewing Machine, and they would not be without one for ten times its cost. It is certainly the most useful and economical invention of the age, and we advise our readers to hesitate no longer, but see to getting one of these labor and life saving Machines. There are a great many kinds of Sewing Machines, and we have taken some pains to examine into their respective merits, and have come to the conclusion that the WHEELER & WILSON, HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE, is decidedly the best.

These unequalled Machines are adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloths. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woolen, and cotton goods, with silk, cotton, or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid bind, and perform every kind of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed. The sewing will never unravel or wash out.

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are so simple that a child can work them with ease. Printed instructions are sent with every Machine, so that any one can operate them without any trouble or difficulty. Every Machine is warranted, and the money returned if not entirely satisfactory.

Over *Fifty Thousand* of the celebrated Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are sold every year, and yet the demand is so great that they can hardly be supplied as fast as ordered. Machines are carefully packed and sent in good order to any portion of the country.

We hope our readers will write at once to the Wheeler & Wilson Agency, No. 704 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia, and get one of their Almanacs for 1865, and specimens of the work done by the Machine, all of which they will send by mail, free of charge, to any address. We should be glad to see an Agency for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine established in our locality. We know them to be the best, most simple and cheapest machine in use.

Gen. Koontz in Franklin.

IMMENSE UNION GATHERING—COFFROTH IN A STEAM.—One of the largest political gatherings of the kind ever held in Chambersburg, met at Brown's Hotel on Tuesday evening of last week, to hear Gen. Wm. H. Koontz the Union candidate for Congress. After the organization had been completed, Gen. Koontz was introduced, and was received with hearty cheers. He spoke over an hour, discussing the great issues in a most candid, earnest and eloquent manner, and elicited the warmest commendations of his friends, and expressions of respect even from his political foes. He exposed in a masterly manner the treachery of the Democratic leaders in attempting to mislead the people from the interests of the government by a Peace platform and a quasi War Candidate. His review of Gen. McClellan's position was in the highest degree creditable and entirely unanswerable. He indulged in no personal abuse—no low assaults; but stated his positions with the utmost candor, and elucidated them with clearness and force. Being a stranger to most of his audience, he surpassed all expectation as a stumper and cogent reasoner, and left the Union men most enthusiastic in his support and proud of their standard-bearer. We cannot pretend to give even a synopsis of his remarks.

After he had concluded, Mr. McClure was called for, and he responded in a few pointed allusions to the congressional record of Gen. Coffroth, the competitor of Gen. Koontz. He stated that the office of Congress was the most important position to be filled at the October election, and urged the people to elect Gen. Koontz because he would vote for every measure necessary to sustain our armies in the field; to pay our brave soldiers; to fill up their ranks, and to maintain the credit of the government. He stated that against Gen. Coffroth personally he had nothing to say; but of his official record he must speak. He said that *Gen. Coffroth had never voted for any measure to fill up the ranks of our armies or to raise means to pay them*; and said the speaker, I make the statement knowing that I am in the presence and within hearing of Gen. Coffroth himself. * * * * * *

When the government wanted revenue to pay the soldiers, who were four months without their wages Congress was appealed to for a revenue to enable them to be paid, and to sustain the government credit. Against measure—the only one by which the means could be procured to pay our soldiers—Gen. Coffroth voted at every stage of the proceedings. Does he deny it? Gen. Coffroth did not answer, and the vast meeting cheered most heartily and called for his answer; but none came. Mr. McClure then said he had charged that Gen. Coffroth voted steadily against every measure designed to fill up our shattered armies so that they might give triumph to their holy cause. The draft was first urged by Gen. McClellan as the *only* means to fill up our armies, and when the conscription bill was before Congress and conceded on all sides to be the only means of saving our brave defenders from utter defeat, Gen. Coffroth voted against it at every stage, and he never voted for any measure calculated to put a single soldier in the field. He then came home *and voted against the right of the soldiers to vote at the next election!* * * *Franklin Repository.*

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy: they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Military Officers and those who often over tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and can be carried in the pocket to be taken as occasion requires.

New Advertisements.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

ESTATE of JOHN M'CANLES, deceased. JAMES A. FREEMAN, Auctioneer. Valuable

COAL LANDS

Broad Top, Bedford Co. Under authority of the Orphans' Court for the court of Bedford,

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, 1864, At 12 o'clock M.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at the PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, the following described Real Estate, late the property of *John McCandless*, deceased, viz.,

No. 1.

One full, equal, and undivided moiety of a tract of unimproved land in Broad Top township, in Bedford Co., in the State of Pennsylvania, containing 338 acres, more or less bounded on the east by lands of James Patton and Abraham Coffman, and on the west by Juniata river and land of Daniel Young, surveyed on a warrant granted to Henrich Easton and James Patton, dated February 16th, 1856, being the same undivided moiety which was conveyed by William S. Fluke, sheriff, to the said John McCandles, by deed poll, dated the 5th day of May, A. D. 1858, and entered among the records of the Court of Common Pleas of said Bedford county in C. P. D. No. 1, p. 518.

No. 2.

All that tract of land situate on Six Mile Run, in Broad Top township, in Bedford county aforesaid, containing 117 acres and 74 perches of land, and allowance of 6 per cent. for roads, &c., adjoining the Francis Moan survey, now belonging to A. King, George Smith, W. T. Daugherty, and others, part of a larger tract surveyed on a warrant to Edward Cluney, dated August 26, 1854, and recorded in deed book A. F. p. 17, ect., excepting and reserving all the coal in land under the above described tract of land.

No. 3.

All that tract of land adjoining the above described tract and land late of Christopher Osborn and others surveyed on a warrant granted to James [illegible] dated June 5th, 1850, containing 9 acres and 117 perches and allowance, &c.

By order of the Court. O. E. SHANNON, Clerk O. C.
HENRY D. MOORE, } Executors.
GEO. P. M'LEAN, }

$500 to be paid on each at time of sale.

JAMES A. FREEMAN.
Philadelphia, Sept. 1864-4t. *Auctioneer.*

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate.

THE undersigned will offer at public out-cry on the premises

On FRIDAY the 28th of October,

the following described real estate viz:

His farm of limestone land in South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Dan'l. Miller's heirs and others, containing [illegible] acres and 20 perches and allowance, about 72 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance timber land.

The other improvements are a good house and barn with other out-buildings, and orchard of young trees.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day. Due attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale.

Sept. 30, 1864-4t. JAMES H. GRAHAM.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE H. & B. T. }
M. R. R. & COAL CO. }
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20, 1864. }

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company held at the office of the company in the City of Philadelphia, on the thirteenth day of September inst. The agreement of consolidation and merger of the Bedford Rail Road Company and the said the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company, was duly approved of by the Stockholders, the same having been previously duly approved of by the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company.

J. P. AERTSEN
(Sept. 30, 1864-3t. *Sec'y*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed to ascertain the payments and advancements made to the heirs of Daniel Houck, dec'd. and report a distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of the estate of said dec'd. will attend, for that purpose, at his office in Bedford on Thursday, the 13th day of October, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

Sept. 30, 1864-3t. JNO. MOWER.

CHARLES KOONS' ESTATE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Charles Koons, late of Bedford township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.

AZRIEL KOONS
Bedford, Sept. 30, 1864-6t. *of Charles Koons, dec'd.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned residing in Colerain Tp. upon the estate of John Bowser dec'd. late of said township, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY P. DIEHL,
Sept. 30, 1864-6t. *Administrator.*

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals for throwing up clay sufficient to make three hundred thousand brick will be received at the office of the Directors of the Poor and House of employment of Bedford Co. on Tuesday Oct. 3, 1864.

By order of Directors,
T. R. GETTYS,
Sept. 30, 1864-3t. *Clerk.*

Stray Bull.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber on the 1st inst. a red and white bull, supposed to be five years old. The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges and take him away.

PEAS LITTLE,
Sept. 30, 1864-3t. *Hopewell Township.*

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS,

Will take place as follows:—
Hopewell Tp. Oct. 6, Dasher's.
Broad Top Friday Oct. 7, Hopewell;
Liberty Saturday Oct. 8, Stonerstown;
East Providence Thursday Oct. 13, Householder's;
Bloody Run and West Providence Friday Oct. 14, Bloody Run;
Monroe Saturday Oct. 15, Rock Hill;
Bedford Bor. and Tp. Thursday Oct. 20, Bedford;
Snake Spring Friday Oct. 21, Bald Hill;
Colerain Saturday Oct. 22, School house near Philip J. Shoemaker's;
South Woodbury Monday Oct. 24, New Enterprise;
Middle Woodbury Tuesday Oct. 25, Woodbury;
Union Wednesday Oct. 26, Mowry's Mills;
St Clair Thursday Oct. 27, Eight Square;
Schellsburg and Napier Friday Oct. 28, Schellsburg;
Juniata Saturday Oct. 29, Buena Vista;
Harrison Monday Oct. 31, Mann's Choice;
Londonderry Tuesday Nov. 1, Bridgeport;
Cumb. Valley Wednesday Nov. 2, Centreville;
Special Examination for all who cannot attend any of the above, Saturday Nov. 5, Bedford.
All examinations will begin at precisely 9 o'clock A. M. and those wishing to be examined must be present promptly at that time.

J. W. Dickerson,
Bedford Sept. 23rd 1864. *Co. Supt.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford county to the subscribers on the Estate of George James, late of Colerain township, dec'd, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same are required to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM JAMES,
SAM'L JAMES,
Aug. 26, 1864.—6t* *Executors.*

FALL, } STOCK } FALL,
1864. } Now in Store. } 1864.

WE have just recieved a handsome assortment of

NEW FALL GOODS.

Embracing Prints, Delaines, Mohairs, Alpacas, Embroideries, Plaid, Striped and Plain [illegible] and Cambrics, Collars and Sleeves in Setts. Hoop Skirts best make and latest styles.

Ginghams, Table Diapers, Tickings, Cotton Flannels Shirting Stripes, Cottonades, Sheeting, and Shirting Muslins of standard makers.

White, Scarlet, Solferino, Grey and Plaid Shirting Flannels.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Ready Coats and vests.

Hosiery and Gloves, Scarfs and Neckties, Linen and Paper Shirt Collars and fronts.

Hats every style quality and color.

Boots and Shoes in great variety made to order, call and see them they speak for themselves.

Groceries, Prime Rio Coffee, extra fine Young Hyson, Imperial and Oolong Teas.

Prepared and Essence of Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, Rice Chocolate, Spices &c.

Chewing Tobacco and Segars of choice brands.

QUEENSWARE, SALT, MACKEREL, &c.

Together with a great variety Goods to which we call the early attention of buyers.

Terms CASH unless otherwise specified.

Bedford Sept. 16,'64—tf. G. R. & W. OSTER.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Real Estate

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County. The Subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises in Southampton Township

On SATURDAY The 15th Day of Oct. 1864.

the following REAL ESTATE, to wit:

One tract of land in said Township, containing about sixty acres—about ten of which are cleared and under fence adjoining lands of Philip More, Joseph More' heirs, Philip Umphreys and others in said township.

Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M.

ARTEMUS BENNETT,
Committee of Josiah Wigfield a Lunatic.

Sept. 23, 1864—4t.

HEADQUARTERS, }
DEPARTMENT OF THE SUSQUEHANNA. }
CHAMBERSBURG PA. September 6th, 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 50, }

That portion of the Department of the Susquehanna lying between the Laurel Hill range of mountains on the west, and the Williamsport and Elmira Railroad—the Susquehanna River from Williamsport to the intersection of Blue mountain and that range of mountains to the Maryland line on the east, will comprise the Juniata District.

Brig. Gen. O. S. Ferry, U. S. Vols. is assigned to the command of this District. Headquarters temporarily at Bedford, Pa.

BY COMMAND OF MAJ. GENERAL COUCH.
JNO. S. SCHULTZE,
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.

HEADQUARTERS, }
[illegible] }
[illegible] Pa. Sept. [illegible] 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 1. }

Pursuant to General order No. 50, (Headquarters, Department of the Susquehanna Sept. 17th 1864.) I hereby assume command of the Juniata district.

The following Staff Officers are announced, viz.
Capt. Henry L. Johnson, A. A. G.
Lieut. Geo. C. Ripley, 10th Regt. Conn. Vols. A. D. C.
Who will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

ORRIS S. FERRY,
Brig. General U. S. Vols.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No 2. }

Commanders of troops in this District will exercise a strict supervision over the discipline of their commands, and will be held personally responsible for any pillage, marauding, waste or other wanton injuries committed by their enlisted men, unless they can exonerate themselves from any imputation of negligence therein.

Soldiers guilty of offences against the civil law will be turned over to the civil authorities [illegible] ment.

[illegible]

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 3. }

citizens for the troops in [illegible]
The Quartermasters and [illegible]
such all needful supplies [illegible]
at these Headquarters.

By Command of [illegible]

CAPT. [illegible]

CALL AT THE NEW [illegible]

MRS. SAR'H. E. TATE has received a [illegible] ment of

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND DUSTERS,

the newest styles. A large assortment of Shawls, Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods, which will be sold cheaper than can be got elsewhere.

Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons and Flowers,

always on hand.

Bedford Sept. 16th, 1864-tf.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for the deposits.—The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA,

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Aug. 12, 1864-3m.

J. M. BARNDOLLAR & SON,
BLOODY RUN, Pennsylvania,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public in general, that they are receiving, and keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic.

DRY GOODS,

SUCH as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Vestings
Cottonades, &c., &c., &c.
Ladies Dress Goods.
Silks, Shallies, Delaines, Poplins, Lawnes,
Prints, Ginghams, Shirtings, Irish Linens &c., &c.

READY

Made Clothing in Great Variety,
Mens & Boys Coats, Pants, vests,
Made in the Latest and Best Styles.
Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, and Children's Wear

NOTIONS,

Hosiery, Gloves, Scarfs, Neckties, Dress Trimmings, Braids, Laces, Ladies
A Large and Well Selected Stock of

GROCERIES,

COFFEE, TEA, SUGARS,
SYRUPS, RICE,
SPICES, &C., &C.
CHEWING & Smoking Tobacco of the Best Brands.
Drugs, Oils, Paints, Medicines & Dye Stuffs,
HARDWARE,
IRON, NAILS,
SPIKES, &C., &C.

WE KEEP

on
Hand a Well Selected Stock of
all Kinds, and Consider
it no Trouble to Show
Goods, Call and See
Before Purchasing
Elsewhere,
no

GOODS MISREPRESENTED TO EFFECT SALES, ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

WE BUY

all Kinds of Produce for which we pay the highest price in CASH or GOODS. We buy our Goods for Cash entirely, and can offer great inducements for persons to buy of us. CALL AND SEE US.

Sept. 9, 1864.—tf. J. M. B. & SON.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes or Notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less* than *ten* nor *more than forty years* from their date, and until [illegible] Five Per Cent. Interest will be [illegible] Bonds of not over one hundred dollars [illegible] interest is payable on the first days [illegible] each year.

[illegible] either Registered or Coupon [illegible] Registered Bonds are recorded [illegible] the U. S. Treasurer, and can be [illegible] owner's order. Coupon Bonds [illegible] are more convenient for commercial [illegible]

[illegible] will have the option of having [illegible] from March 1st, by paying the [illegible] in United States notes, or [illegible] adding fifty per cent for premium [illegible] interest from the date of [illegible] these Bonds are

[illegible] Municipal or State Taxation,

[illegible] one to three per cent per annum [illegible] levies in various parts of [illegible] on gold they pay

[illegible] PER CENT. INTEREST

[illegible] and are of equal convenience as a permanent and temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith and ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principle and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was $768,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury, for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury, until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than **Ten Millions a Week.**

Subscriptions will be received by

All National banks

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

May 13, 1864-6m.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans Court of Bedford county to report a distribution of the moneys remaining in the hands of John Cessna, Esq., Administrator of the estate of William Keefe, deceased, to and amongst creditors and heirs, will attend to the duties of his appointment on TUESDAY, THE 23d DAY OF AUGUST, inst., at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested are requested to attend, as this will be the last notice to persons having claims upon the fund.

JOHN P. REED,
Aug. 12, 1864-3t. *Auditor.*

$25 REWARD!

WAS lost in the village of Bloody Run on 22nd inst., a SMALL SINGLE CASED GOLD WATCH.—The above reward will be paid to any person who may find, and return the watch to

Sax[illegible] Pa., Aug. 29, 1864.
Sept. 2, 1864.—3t. DAVID FIDERBAUGH.

White & Moor's Malt Coffee.

CONTAINING a portion of the best Java Coffee. The healthiest and cheapest substitute for coffee in the world. Price 20 cents per pound. For sale at the bargain store of G. R. & W. OSTER.

March 18, 1864—tf.

Notice to Tresspassers:

THE Subscribers, of St. Clair and Union townships, forewarn all persons from trespassing on their farms or premises for the purpose of hunting, fishing, gathering greens, berries, or passing through the enclosures.

Jacob Alter, David Goodhenour,
Sarah Goodhenour, Samuel Shaffer,
Michael Shaffer, Martin Imler
John Fisher, Louis H. Goodhenour,
Jonas Russel.

Sept. 2, 1864.—3t.*

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

DISORDERS OF THE LIVER
AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING

TONIC,

These Bitters have performed more Cures
GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!
HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!
Have more respectable people to vouch for them

Than any other article in the market.

We defy any One to contradict this Assertion,

AND WILL PAY $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not genuine.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms!

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER.

THAT THIS BITTERS IS NOT ALCOHOLIC,
CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,
AND CAN'T MAKE DRUNKARDS,

But is the best Tonic in the World.

READ WHO SAYS SO:

FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

Washington, January 1, 1864.

Gentlemen.—Having stated it verbally to you, I have no hesitation, in writing the fact, that I experienced marked benefit from your Hoofland's German Bitters. During a long and tedious session of Congress, pressing and onerous duties nearly prostrated me. A kind friend suggested the use of the preparation I have named. I took his advice, and the result was improvement of health, renewed energy, and that particular relief I so much needed and obtained. Others may be similarly advantaged if they desire to be. Truly your friend,

THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

From John B. Wickersham, Esq., firm of Wickersham & Hutchinson, the celebrated Manufacturers of Fancy Iron Works, 259 Canal St.

I am the recipient from you of one of the greatest favors that can be conferred upon man, viz: that of health. For many years have I suffered from one of the most annoying and debilitating complaints that the human family can be afflicted with, Chronic Diarrhea.

During the long time I was suffering from this disease, I was attended by regular physicians, giving me but temporary relief. The cause seemed to remain until I was induced to try Hoofland's German Bitters. After the use of a few bottles of that valuable medicine, the complaint appeared to be completely eradicated.

I often inwardly thank you for such a valuable specific and, whenever I have an opportunity, cheerfully recommend it, with full confidence in its reliability.

Truly yours,
JOHN B. WICKERSHAM.

New-York, Feb. 2, 1864.

From Julius Lee, Esq., firm of Lee & Walker, the most extensive Music Publishers in the United States, No. 722 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

February 8th, 1864.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—My mother-in-law has been so greatly benefitted by your Hoofland's German Bitters that I concluded to try it myself. I find it to be an invaluable tonic, and unhesitatingly recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia. I have had that disease in its most obstinate form—flatulency—for many years, and your Bitters has given me ease when everything else had failed. Yours truly, JULIUS LEE.

From the Hon. JACOB BROOM,
Philadelphia, Oct. 7th, 1863.

Gentlemen; In reply to your inquiry as to the effect produced by the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, in my family, I have no hesitation in saying that it has been highly beneficial. In one instance, a case of dyspepsia of thirteen years' standing, and which had become very distressing, the use of one bottle gave decided relief, the second effecting a cure, and the third, it seems, has confirmed the cure, for there has been no symptoms of its return for the last six years. In my individual use of it I find it to be an unequalled tonic, and sincerely recommend its use to the sufferers.

Truly yours, JACOB BROOM,
1707 Spruce St.

Rev. W. D. Seigfried, Pastor of 12th Baptist Church,
Philadelphia, December 26th, 1863.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by a prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some of them tested, but without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention of the Bitters induced me also to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one" quack "Bitters" whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened and drugged liquor upon the community, in a sly way; and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that yours was really a medicine preparation, I took it with happy effect. Its action was not upon only the stomach, but upon the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles. Very respectfully yours,

W. D. SEIGFRIED,
No. 254 Shackamaxon St.

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, D. D., Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters, I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, T. WINTER, Roxborough, Pa.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa.

Dr. C. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "C. M. Jackson" is on the **Wrapper** of each bottle.

PRICE.

Single Bottle One Dollar, or a Half Doz. for $5.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory.

No. 631 ARCH STREET,

JONES & EVANS,

Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

N. B. We have discontinued the manufacture of the small or 75 cent. size, the Dollar Bottle on account of its price being much the cheaper to the consumer. See that "Price One Dollar," is on the wrapper of each bottle.

CHEAP CORNER!

FARQUHAR'S

REPUTATION FOR SELLING CHEAP

STILL MAINTAINED!

WE are now receiving at "*Cheap Corner*," a very large stock of *Spring and Summer Fashionable* Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, *of every variety and style.*

TO THE LADIES.

Call and examine our stock of
CALICOES, BALMORALS,
DELAINS, HOOP-SKIRTS,
ALAPACAS RIBBONS,
SHAWLS, CUFFS & COLLARS,
HATS, HEAD NETS,
VAILS, COMBS,
HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS.

GENTLEMEN,

Come and see our assortment of
COTTONADES, COATS,
JEANS, PANTS,
SATINETTS, VESTS,
CASSIMERES, BOOTS,
CLOTHS, GAITERS,
LINENS, SUSPENDERS,
MUSLINS, SHIRTS,
DRILLS, NECK TIES

GROCERIES!

COFFEE,
SUGAR,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
SPICES,
ALL KINDS.

Tobacco and Segars.

Congress, Flounder, Old Virginia, John Anderson, Natural Leaf, and all kinds of Smoking Tobacco and Segars.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we are determined to sell at very small profit, and the public, who have so kindly patronized us, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock.

J. B. FARQUHAR.
Juliana Street, Bedford, June 17, 1864-tf.

CLOTHING IN SCHELLSBURG.

HAVING lately purchased an excellent assortment of FALL AND WINTER Clothing consisting of

OVERCOATS, DRESS COATS, BUSINESS

Coats, Blouses, Vests, Pants, Hats and Caps, White Shirts Fancy Flannel Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers Rounda bouts, Neck-ties, Suspenders, Buckskin Gloves and Notions in Variety. We invite our friends and all who desire to purchase, to give us a call at our

NEW STORE IN SCHELLSBURG.

Where, as we are doing business on the *One Price* system, we flatter ourselves we can render satisfaction by doing justice to every one. We thank our many customers for their Patronage, and do herewith solicit a continuance of the same kindness.

Schellsburg Pa. Sept. 12, 1864, (Sept. 16) tf.
G. BERKSTRESSER & SON.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Real Estate.

THE undersigned by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, and under the last will &c. of Jacob Cypher decd., will sell at public sale

On FRIDAY, the 21st Day of October, Inst.,

(Sale opening at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day,) all that VALUABLE FARM situate in Liberty Township Bedford County, Pa. Known as the "BLACK OR MANOR TRACT" being a portion of the real estate of which said Jacob Cypher died seized, containing 144 acres, and the usual allowance—about 2½ acres of the same however, being taken from an adjoining tract, and about the same quantity added to said adjoining tract taken from this tract, as is provided for in said will. 100 acres of the same, more or less, under cultivation, a part being first-rate meadow, having thereon erected a large two story stone dwelling house, log tenant house, store house, bank barn, and other out buildings; the land is WELL WATERED with spring and running water, THE HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD runs through the property—good timber on the uncultivated portion of the land. This is a VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY lying two miles north of Saxton and Stonerstown giving all the advantages of a good market at the door; CHURCHES and SCHOOLS in the immediate neighborhood. Terms reasonable, and will be made known on day of sale. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the premises to all inquirers.

DANIEL CYPHER,
Executor of the last will of Jacob Cypher decd.
Sept. 16, 1864—ts.

CONNELLSVILLE AND SOUTHERN PENNA. R. W.

The undersigned commissioners named in an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Railway, Company" hereby give notice that they will, in pursuance of said act, open books for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of the said Railway company on the 4th day of October 1864, at the hour of 9 A. M. on that day, at the Washington Hotel in the town of Bedford, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, and that they will keep said books open according to law.

JOHN CESSNA, WILLIAM L. HAVENS,
WILLIAM B. MINICH, GEORGE W. CASS,
DANIEL WASHABAUGH, O. W. BARNES,
R. D. BARCLEY, C. W. ASHCOM,
D. O. GEHR, A. R. M'CLURE,
WILLIAM M'CLELLAND, J. L. YOST;
Sept. 16th 1864—3t.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg,
Kings Co.,
Sept. 23 d 1864.—3m* New York.

EXAMINATIONS OF TEACHERS

TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLIES,

USE DUTCHER'S CELEBRATED

LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER.

A neat, cheap article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill a quart. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., 10th and Market Sts. Philadelphia, Wholesale agents. [jul-3t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber in West Providence Township Bedford County, some time in August last, a dark brindle steer marked by a crop off the right ear and a slit in the left, supposed to be over two years old, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take him away.

SOLOMON WILLIAMS.
Sept 17th 1864 (Sept. 23rd) 3t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Bloody Run Borough, Saturday, August 6th, one iron gray mare; fourteen and a half hands high, 5 years old, heavy mane and tail, heavy foretop, fire bitten about the head, two white hind feet. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. Otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

WILLIAM T. GROVE.
BLOODY RUN, Aug. 19th, 1864.—3t*

Wanted.

100 CORDS OF BARK, for which $6,00 per cord, or the highest market price, will be given.

JOHN A. MOWRY.
Survivor of the Firm of Taylor & Mowry.
June 3, 1864.—tf.

HOUSE WANTED.—The subscriber wants to rent a House, or part of a House, in or near the Borough of Bedford, convenient for a family of five or six persons. A fair price will be paid. For further particulars inquire at the office of this paper.

Bedford, Aug. 12, 1864-tf.

LUMBER.

200,000 feet of assorted LUMBER, for sale at Glen Savage Mills.

WANTED.

TEAMS to haul LUMBER to Bedford, &c. For particulars call at my residence, or at Reed's & Schell's Banking House. THOS. C. GARRETT.

Ju 28, '64-3m* Bedford, July 22 1864.

Wanted.

500 CORDS [illegible]
[illegible]

The Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD PA., FRIDAY, SEPT 30, 1864.

AN APPRENTICE, (a boy about sixteen years old, intelligent and industrious) to learn the art of printing will be received at this office. Immediate application should be made. tf.

THE INQUIRER is a better medium than any other paper, for communicating with the people of Bedford county. It has a circulation of over twelve hundred and steadily increasing. Advertisements in this paper, reach a thousand readers more, that they would, published in any other paper that circulates in this county. tf.

WE give the lists of drafted men in this county, South Woodbury, St. Clair, Schellsburg and Union excepted, which we could not procure in time for this week, they will be given next week.

WE are in receipt of interesting communications, which we have not been able to use for the past two or three weeks, we shall try very hard to give our readers some of the most interesting next week.

WE VERY much regret the temporary necessity, that prevents us from giving a greater variety and amount of matter. Our very heavy pressure of election printing, the presswork for our large edition, and the lack of force, are sufficient causes for the present deficienteies of the INQUIRER, as our readers will no doubt readily believe. We think there is a good prospect of relief and improvement close at hand, our power press is on the way from New York, and will be in operation we hope within a week; our working force will also be permanently increased and we feel confident that we shall be able to make the INQUIRER more deserving of support than it ever has been.

Union Mass Meetings.

The Union men of the different Boroughs and Townships of Bedford County who desire to maintain the integrity of the nation through the triumph of the Union ticket at the coming election will unite in holding meetings at the following designated points where they will be addressed by prominent speakers.

New Enterprise South Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 1 o'clock P. M.

Woodberry Middle Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 7 o'clock P. M.

Ritchey's School House Snakes Spring Twp Friday Oct. 7th at 7 o'clock P. M.

Fairplay Broad Top Twp. Saturday Oct. 8th at 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the County Committe.
G. W. RUPP.
Chairman.

WE ARE often surprised to find so few SEWING MACHINES in use, in our section of the country. In the large cities, every family has its sewing Machine, and they would not be without one for ten times its cost. It is certainly the most useful and economical invention of the age, and we advise our readers to hesitate no longer, but see to getting one of these labor and life saving Machines. There are a great many kinds of Sewing Machines, and we have taken some pains to examine into their respective merits, and have come to the conclusion that the WHEELER & WILSON, HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE, is decidedly the best.

These unequalled Machines are adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloths. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woolen, and cotton goods, with silk, cotton, or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid bind, and perform every kind of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed. The sewing will never unravel or wash out.

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are so simple that a child can work them with ease. Printed instructions are sent with every Machine, so that any one can operate them without any trouble or difficulty. Every Machine is warranted, and the money returned if not entirely satisfactory.

Over *Fifty Thousand* of the celebrated Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are sold every year, and yet the demand is so great that they can hardly be supplied as fast as ordered. Machines are carfully packed and sent in good order to any portion of the country.

We hope our readers will write at once to the Wheeler & Wilson Agency, No. 704 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia, and get one of their Almanacs for 1865, and specimens of the work done by the Machine, all of which they will send by mail, free of charge, to any address. We should be glad to see an Agency for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine established in our locality. We know them to be the best, most simple and cheapest machine in use.

Gen. Koontz in Franklin.

IMMENSE UNION GATHERING—COFFROTH IN A SNARL.—One of the largest political gatherings of the kind ever held in Chambersburg, met at Brown's Hotel on Tuesday evening of last week, to hear Gen. Wm. H. Koontz the Union candidate for Congress. After the organization had been completed, Gen. Koontz was introduced, and was recieved with hearty cheers. He spoke over an hour, discussing the gaeat issues in a most candid, earnest and eloquent manner, and elicited the warmest commendations of his friends, and expressions af respect even from his political foes. He exposed in a masterly manner the treachery of the Democratic leaders in attempting to mislead the people from the interests of the goverment by a Peace platform and a quasi War Candidate. His review of Gen. McClellan's position was in the higest degree creditable and entirely unanswerable. He indulged in no personal abuse—no low assaults; but stated his positions with the utmost candor, and elucidated them with clearness and force. Being a stranger to most of his audience, he surpassed all expectation as a stumper and cogent reasoner, and left the Union men most enthusiastic in his support and proud of their standard-bearer. We cannot pretend to give even a synopsis of his remarks.

After he had concluded, Mr. McClure was called for, and he responded in a few pointed allusions to the congressional record of Gen. Coffroth, the competitor of Gen. Koontz. He stated that the office of Congress was the most important position to be filled at the October election, and urged the people to elect Gen. Koontz because he would vote for every measure necessary to sustain our armies in the field; to pay our brave soldiers; to fill up their ranks, and to maintain the credit of the government. He stated that against Gen. Coffroth personally he had nothing to say; but of his official record he must speak. He said that *Gen. Coffroth had never voted for any measure to fill up the ranks of our armies or to raise means to pay them;* and said the speaker, I make the statement knowing that I am in the presence and within hearing of Gen. Coffroth himself. * * * * * *

When the government wanted revenue to pay the soldiers, who were four months without their wages Congress was appealed to for a revenue to enable them to be paid, and to sustain the government credit. Against measure—the only one by which the means could be procured to pay our soldiers—Gen. Coffroth voted at every stage of the proceedings. Does he deny it? Gen. Coffroth did not answer, and the vast meeting cheered most heartily and called for his answer; but none come. Mr. McClure then said he had charged that Gen. Coffroth voted steadily against every measure designed to fill up our shattered armies so that they might give triumph to their holy cause. The draft was first urged by Gen. McClellan as the only means to fill up our armies, and when the conscription bill was before Congress and conceded on all sides to be the only means of saving our brave defenders from utter defeat, Gen. Coffroth voted against it at every stage, and he never voted for any measure calculated to put a single soldier in the field. He then came home *and voted against the right of the soldiers to vote at the next election!* * * *Franklin Repository.*

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy: they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Military Officers and those who often over tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and can be carried in the pocket to be taken as occasion requires.

New Advertisements.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

ESTATE of JOHN M'CANLES, deceased. JAMES A. FREEMAN, Auctioneer. Valuable

COAL-LANDS

Broad Top, Bedford Co. Under authority of the Orphans' Court for the court of Bedford,

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, 1861, At 12 o'clock M.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at the PHILADELHHIA EXCHANGE, the following described Real Estate, late the property of *John McCandless*, deceased, viz.

No. 1.

One full, equal, and undivided moiety of a tract of unimproved land in Broad Top township, in Bedford Co., in the State of Pensylvania, containing 338 acres, more or less bounded on the east by lands of James Patton and Abraham Collman, and on the west by Juniata river and land of Daniel Young, surveyed on a warrant granted to Hezekiah Easton and James Patton, dated Febuary 16th, 1854, being the same undivided moiety which was conveyed by William S. Fluke, sheriff, to the said John McCandles, by deed poll, dated the 4th day of May, A. D. 1858, and entered among the records of the Court of Common Pleas of said Bedford county in C. P. D. No. 3, p. 516.

No. 2.

All that tract of land situate on Six Mile Run, in Broad Top township, in Bedford county aforesaid, containing 117 acres and 74 perches of land, and allowance of 6 per cent. for roads, &c., adjoining the Francis Moan survey, now belonging to A. King, George Smith, W. T. Daugherty, and others, part of a larger tract surveyed on a warrant to Edward Chany, dated August 26, 1854, and recorded in deed book A. F. p. 17, ect., excepting and reserving all the coal in land under the above described tract of land.

No. 3.

All that tract of land adjoining the above described tract and land late of Christopher Osborn and others surveyed on a warrant granted to James Figard, dated June 5th, 1850, containing 9 acres and 117 perches and allowance, &c.

By order of the Court, O. E. SHANNON, Clerk O. C.
HENRY D. MOORE, }
GEO. P. M'LEAN, } Executors.
$500 to be paid on each at time of sale.
JAMES A. FREEMAN.
Philadelphia, Sept. 1864-ts. *Auctioneer.*

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

THE undersigned will offer at public out-cry on the premises

On FRIDAY the 28th of October,

the following described real estate viz:

His farm of limestone land in South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Dan'l. Miller's heirs and others, containing [illegible] acres and 36 perches and allowance, about 72 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance timber land.

The other improvments are a good house and barn with other out-buildings, and orchard of young trees.

Sale to commence at 1 o clock of said day. Due attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale.

Sept. 30, 1864–ts. JAMES H. GRAHAM.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE H & B T }
MT R R & COAL CO. }
PHILADELPHIA, Sept 20, 1861. }

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company held at the office of the company in the City of Philada., on the thirteenth day of September inst. The agreement of consolidation and merger of the Bedford Rail Road Company and the said the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company, was duly approved of by the Stockholders, the same having been previously duly approved of by the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company.

J. P. ARETSEN
(Sept. 30, 1864–1t. *Sec'y*

AUTITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed to ascertain the payments and advancements made to the heirs of Daniel Houck, dec'd. and report a distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of the estate of said dec'd. will attend, for that purpose, at his office in Bedford on Thursday, the 13th. day of October, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

Sept. 30, 1864-3t. JNO. MOWER.

CHARLES KOONS' ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Charles Koons, late of Bedford township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement.

ATRIEL KOONS,
Bedford, Sept. 30, 1864-6t. *of Charles Koons, dec'd.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned residing in Colerain Tp. upon the estate of John Bossen dec'd. late of said township, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY P. DIEHL,
Sept. 30, 1861-6t. Administrator.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals for throwing up clay sufficient to make three hundred thousand brick will be recieved at the office of the Directors of the Poor and House of employment of Bedford Co. on Tuesday Oct. 3, 1861.

By order of Directors,
T. R. GETTYS,
Sept 30, 1861-1t. *Clerk.*

Stray Bull.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber on the 16. inst a red and white bull, supposed to be five years old. The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges and take him away.

PIAS LITTLE,
Sept. 30, 1864-3t. *Hopewell Township.*

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS.

Will take place as follows:—
Hopewell Tp. Oct. 6, Dasher's.
Broad Top Friday Oct. 7, Hopewell;
Liberty Saturday Oct. 8, Stonerstown;
East Providence Thursdady Oct. 13, Householder's;
Bloody Run and West Providence Friday Oct. 14, Bloody Run;
Monroe Saturday Oct. 16, Rock Hill;
Bedford Bor. and Tp. Thursday Oct. 20, Bedford;
Snake Spring Friday Oct. 21, Bald Hill;
Colerain Saturday Oct 22, School house near Philip J. Shoemaker's;
South Woodbury Monday Oct. 24, New Enterprise;
Middle Woodbury Tuesday Oct. 26, Woodbury;
Union Wednesdy Oct. 24, Mowrey's Mills;
St Clair Thursday Oct. 27, Eight Square;
Schellsburg and Napier Friday Oct. 25, Schellsbueg,
Juniata Saturday Oct. 29, Buena Vista;
Harrison Monday Oct. 31, Man's Choice;
Londonderry Tuesday Nov. 1, Bridgeport;
Cumb. Velley Wednesday Nov. 2, Centreville;

Special Examination for all who cannot attend any of the above, Saturday Nov. 5, Bedford.

All examinations will begin at precisely 8 o'clock A. M. and those wishing to be examined must be present promptly at that time,

J. W. Dickerson,
Bedford Sept. 23rd 1864. *Co. Supt.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford county to the subscribers on the Estate of George James, late of Colerain township, dec'd., and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those havingclaims thereon are required to present them duly autqenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM JAMES,
SAM'L JAMES.
Aug. 26, 1864,–6t* *Executors.*

FALL, } STOCK { FALL,
1864. } Now in Store. { 1864.

WE have just recieved a handsome assortment of

NEW FALL GOODS.

Embracing Prints, Delaines, Mohairs, Alpacas, Bombazines, Plaid, Striped and Plain Jaconets and Cambrics. Collars and Sleeves in Setts. Hoop Skirts best make and latest styles.

Ginghams, Table Diapers, Tickrings, Canton Flannels Shirting Stripes, Cottonades, Sheeting, and Shirting Muslins of standard makers.

White, Scarlet, Solferino, Grey and Plaid Shirting Flannels.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Ready Coats and vests.

Hosiery and Gloves, Scarfs and Neckties, Linen and Paper Shirt Collars and fronts,

Hats every style quality and color.

Boots and Shoes in great variety made to order, call and see them they speak for themselves.

Groceries, Prime Rio Coffee, extra fine Young Hyson, Imperial and Oolong Teas.

Prepared and Essence of Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, Rice Chocolate, Spices &c.

Chewing Tobacco and Segars of choice brands.

QUEENSWARE, SALT, MACKEREL, &c.

Together with a great variety Goods to which we call the early attention of buyers.

Termes CASH unless otherwise specified.

Bedford Sept. 16, 64—tf. G. R. & W. OSTER.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County. The Subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises in Southampton Township

On SATURDAY The 15th Day of Oct. 1864.

the following REAL ESTATE, to wit:

One tract of land in said Township, containing about sexty acres—about ten of which are cleared and under tence adjoining lands of Philip Mors, Joseph Mors' heirs, Philip Umphreys and others in said township.

Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M.

ARTEMUS BENNETT,
Committee of Josiah Wiffield a Lunatic.
Sept. 23, 1864—ts.

HEADQUARTERS, }
DEPARTMENT OF THE SUSQUEHANNA. }
CHAMBERSBURG PA. September 6th, 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 50, }

That portion of the Department of the Susquehanna lying between the Laurel Hill range of mountains on the west, and the Williamsport and Elmira Railroad—the Susquehanna River from Williamsport to the intersection of Blue mountain and that range of mountains to the Maryland line on the east, will comprise the Juniata District.

Brig. Gen. *O. S. Ferry*, U. S. Vols. is assigned to the command of this District. Headquarters temporally at Bedford, Pa.

BY COMMAND OF MAJ. GENERAL COUCH,
JNO. S. SCHULTZE,
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 7th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 1, }

Pursuant to General order No. 50, (Headquarters, Department of the Susquehanna Sept. 10th 1864.) I hereby assume command of the Juniata district.

The following Staff Officers are announced, viz.
Capt. Henry L. Johnson, A. A. G.
Lieut. Geo. C. Ripley, 16th Regt. Conn. Vols. A. D. C.
Who will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

ORRIS S. FERRY,
Brig. General U. S. Vols.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No 2. }

Commanders of troops in this District will exercise a strict supervision over the discipline of their commands, and will be held personally responsible for any pillage, marauding, waste or other wanton injuries committed by their enlisted men, unless they can exonerate themselves from any imputation of negligence therein.

Soldiers guilty of offences against the civil law will be turned over to the civil authorities for trial and punishment.

By Command of BRIG. GEN. FERRY
H. L. JOHNSON,
CAPT. AND ASST. ADJ. GEN.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 3. }

Impressment of supplies from citizens for the troops in this District is forbidden. The Quartermaster's and subsistence department will furnish all needful supplies upon requisitions duly approved at these Headquarters.

By Command of BRIG. GEN. FERRY
H. L. JOHNSON,
CAPT. AND ASST. ADJ. GEN.

CALL AT THE NEW STORE!

MRS SAM'L H. TATE has received a handsome assortment of

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND DUSTERS,

the newest styles. A large assortment of Shalls, Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods, which will be sold cheaper than can be got elsewhere.

Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons and Flowers,

always on hand.

Bedford Sept. 16th, 1864—tf.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificate of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deduction for commissions must be made from the deposits.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVING BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any saving bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stock was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for the deposits.—The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA,

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Aug. 12, 1864-3m.

J. M. BARNDOLLAR & SON,

BLOODY RUN, Pennsylvania,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public in general, that they are receiving, and keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic,

DRY GOODS,

SUCH as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Vestings
Cottonades, &c., &c., &c.
Ladies Dress Goods.
Silks, Shallies, Delaines, Poplins, Lawnes.
Prints, Ginghams, Shirtings, Irish Linens &c., &c.

READY

Made Clothing in Great Variety,
Mens & Boys Coats, Pants, vests,
Made in the Latest and Best Styles.
Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, and Children's Wear

NOTIONS,

Hosery, Gloves, Scarfs, Neckties, Dress
Trimmings, Braids, Laces, Ladies
A Large and Well Selected Stock of

GROCERIES,

COFFEE, TEA, SUGARS,

SYRUPS, RICE,

SPICES, &C., &C.

CHEWING & Smoking Tobacco of the Best Brands. Drugs, Oils, Paints, Medicines & Dye Stuffs,

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS,

SPIKES, &C., &C.

WE KEEP

on
Hand a Well Selected Stock of
all Kinds, and Consider
it no Trouble to Show
Goods, Call and See
Before Purchasing Elsewhere,
no

GOODS MISREPRESENTED TO EFFECT SALES,
ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

WE BUY

all Kinds of Produce for which we pay the highest price in CASH or GOODS. We buy our Goods for Cash entirely, and can offer great inducements for persons to buy of us. CALL AND SEE US.

Sept. 9, 1864.—tf. J. M. B. & SON.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption **Five Per Cent. Interest will be Paid in Coin,** on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the Books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to order, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation,

their value is increased from one to three per cent per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent and temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith and ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principle and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $60 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was $768,965,000. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations, to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury, until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than **Ten Millions a Week.**

Subscriptions will be received by

All National banks

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks,) will furnish further information on application and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

May 13, 1864-4m.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans Court of Bedford county to report a distribution of the moneys remaining in the hands of John Cessna, Esq., Administrator of the estate of William Keeffe, deceased, to and amongst creditors and heirs, will attend to the duties of his appointment on TUESDAY, THE 23d DAY OF AUGUST, inst., at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested are requested to attend, as this will be the last notice to persons having claims upon the fund.

JOHN P. REED,
Aug. 12, 1864-2t. Auditor.

$25 REWARD!

WAS lost in the village of Bloody Run on 22nd inst., a SMALL SINGLE CASED GOLD WATCH.—The above reward will be paid to any person who may find, and return the watch to Saxton Pa., Aug. 29, 1864.

Sept. 2, 1864.—3t. DAVID PUDERBAUGH.

White & Moor's Malt Coffee.

CONTAINING a portion of the best Java Coffee. The healthiest and cheapest substitute for coffee in the world. Price 20 cents per pound. For sale at the bargain store of G. R. & W. OSTER.

March 18, 1864—tf.

Notice to Tresspassers.

THE Subscribers, of St. Clair and Union townships, forewarn all persons from tressdassing on their farm or premises for the purpose of hunting, fishing, gathering greens, berries, or passing through the enclosures.

Jacob Akes, David Gochenour,
Sarah Gochenour, Samuel Shafer,
Michael Shaffer, Martin Imler*
John Fickes, Moses H. Gochenour,
Isaac Russel.

Sept. 2, 1864.—3t.*

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

DISORDERS OF THE LIVER AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING

TONIC,

These Bitters have performed more Cures

GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!

HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!

Have more respectable people to vouch for them

Than any other article in the market.

We defy any One to contradict this Assertion,

AND WILL PAY $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not genuine.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms!

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Prespiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flashes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER.

THAT THIS BITTERS IS NOT ALCOHOLIC,

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,

AND CAN'T MAKE DRUNKARDS,

But is the best Tonic in the World.

READ WHO SAYS SO:

FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

Washington, January 1, 1864.

Gentlemen.—Having stated it verbally to you, I have no hesitation, in writing the fact, that I experienced marked benefit from your Hoofland's German Bitters. During a long and tedious session of Congress, pressing and onerous duties nearly prostrated me. A kind friend suggested the use of the preparation I have named. I took his advice, and the result was improvement of health, renewed energy, and that particular relief I so much needed and obtained. Others may be similarly advantaged if they desire to be.

Truly your friend,
THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

From John B. Wickersham, Esq., firm of Wickersham & Hutchison, the celebrated Manufacturers of Fancy Iron Works, 259 Canal St.

I am the recipient from you of one of the greatest favors that can be conferred upon man, viz: that of health. For many years have I suffered from one of the most annoying and debilitating complaints that the human family can be afflicted with, Chronic Diarrhea.

During the long time I was suffering from this disease, I was attended by regular physicians, giving me but temporary relief. The cause seemed to remain until I was induced to try Hoofland's German Bitters. After the use of a few bottles of that valuable medicine, the complaint appeared to be completely eradicated.

I often inwardly thank you for such a valuable specific and, whenever I have an opportunity, cheerfully recommend it, with full confidence in its reliability.

Truly yours,
JOHN B. WICKERSHAM.
New York, Feb. 2, 1864.

From Julius Lee, Esq., firm of Lee & Walker, the most extensive Music Publishers in the United States, No. 722 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

February 8th, 1864.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentleman:—My mother-in-law has been so greatly benefitted by your Hoofland's German Bitters that I concluded to try it myself. I find it to be an invaluable tonic, and unhesitatingly recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia. I have had that disease in its most obstinate form—flatulence—for many years, and your Bitters has given me ease when everything else had failed. Yours truly, JULIUS LEE.

From the Hon. JACOB BROOM,
Philadelphia, Oct. 7th, 1863.

Gentlemen: In reply to your inquiry as to the effect produced by the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, in my family, I have no hesitation in saying that it has been highly beneficial. In one instance, a case of dyspepsia of thirteen years' standing, and which had become very distressing, the use of one bottle gave decided relief, the second effecting a cure, and the third, it seems, has confirmed the cure, for there has been no symptoms of its return for the last six years. In my individual use of it I find it to be an unequalled tonic, and sincerely recommend its use to the sufferers.

Truly yours, JACOB BROOM,
1707 Spruce St.

Rev. W. D. Seigfried, Pastor of 12th Baptist Church, Philadelphia, December 26th, 1863.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by a prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some of them tested, but without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention of the Bitters induced me also to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one" quack "Bitters" whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened and drugged liquor upon the community, in a sly way; and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that yours was really a medicine preparation, I took it with happy effect. Its action was not upon only the stomach, but upon the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles.

Very respectfully yours,
W. D. SEIGFRIED,
No. 254 Shackamaxon St.

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, D. D., Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times; been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters, I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, T. WINTER, Roxborough, Pa.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa.

Dr. C. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "**C. M. Jackson**" is on the **Wrapper** of each bottle.

PRICE.

Single Bottle One Dollar, or a Half Doz. for $5.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory.

No. 631 ARCH STREET,

JONES & EVANS.

Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

N. B. We have discontinued the manufacture of the small or 75 cent. size, the Dollar Bottle, on account of its size being much the cheaper to the consumer. See that "Price One Dollar," is on the wrapper of each bottle.

CHEAP CORNER!

FARQUHAR'S

REPUTATION FORSELLING CHEAP

STILL MAINTAINED!

WE are now receiving at "Cheap Corner," a very large stock of Spring and Summer Fashionable Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, of every variety and style.

TO THE LADIES.

Call and examine our stock of

CALICOES	BALMORALS
DELAINS,	HOOP-SKIRTS,
ALAPACAS	RIBBONS,
SHAWLS,	CUFFS & COLLARS,
HATS,	HEAD NETS,
VAILS,	COMBS,
HOSIERY,	TRIMMING

GENTLEMEN,

Come and see our assortment of

COTTONADES,	COATS,
JEANS,	PANTS,
SATINETTS,	VESTS,
CASSIMERES,	BOOTS,
CLOTHS,	GAITERS,
LINENS,	SUSPENDERS,
MUSLINS,	SHIRTS,
DRILLS,	NECK TIES

GROCERIES!

COFFEE,
SUGAR,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
SPICES,
ALL KINDS.

Tobacco and Segars.

Congress, Flounder, Old Virginia, John Anderson, Natural Leaf, and all kinds of Smoking Tobacco and Segars.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we are determined to sell at very small profit, and the public, who have so kindly patronized us, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock.

J. B. FARQUHAR.
Juliana Street, Bedford, June 17, 1864-tf.

CLOTHING IN SCHELLSBURG.

HAVING lately purchased an excellent assortment of FALL AND WINTER Clothing consisting of

OVERCOATS, DRESS COATS, BUSINESS

Coats, Blouses, Vests, Pants, Hats and Caps, White Shirts Fancy Flannel Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers Rounds bouts, Neck-ties, Suspenders, Buckskin Gloves and Notions in Variety. We invite our friends and all who desire to purchase, to give us a call at our

NEW STORE IN SCHELLSBURG.

Where, as we are doing business on the *One Price* system, we flatter ourselves we can render satisfaction by doing justice to every one. We thank our many customers for their Patronage, and do herewith solicit a continuance of the same kindness.

Schellsburg Pa. Sept. 12, 1864. (Sept. 16) tf.
G. BERKSTRESSER & SON.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate.

THE undersigned by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, and under the last will &c; of Jacob Cypher decd., will sell at public sale

On FRIDAY, the 21st Day of October, Inst.,

(Sale opening at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day,) all that VALUABLE FARM situate in Liberty Township Bedford County, Pa. Known as the "FLUCK OR MANOR TRACT" being a portion of the real estate of which said Jacob Cypher died seized, containing 144 acres, and the usual allowance—about 20 acres of the same however, being taken from an adjoining tract, and about the same quantity added to said adjoining tract taken from this tract, as is provided for in said will. 100 acres of the same, more or less, under cultivation, a part being first-rate meadow, having thereon erected a large two story stone dwelling house, log tenant house, store house, bank barn, and other out buildings; the land is WELL WATERED with spring and running water. THE HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD runs through the property—good timber on the uncultivated portion of the land. This is a VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY lying two miles north of Saxton and Stonerstown giving all the advantages of a good market at the door; CHURCHES and SCHOOLS in the immediate neighborhood. Terms reasonable, and will be made known on day of sale. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the premises to all inquirers.

DANIEL CYPHER,
Executor of the last will of Jacob Cypher decd.
Sept. 16, 1864—ts.

CONNELLSVILE AND SOUTHERN PENNA. R. W.

The undersigned commissioners named in an act entitled "An act to to incorporate the Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Railway Company" hereby give notice that they will, in pursuance of said act, open books for the purpose of recieving subscriptions to the capital stock of the said Railway company on the 14th day of October 1864, at the hour of 9 A. M. on that day, at the Washington Hotel in the town of Bedford, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, and that they will keep said books open according to law.

JOHN CESSNA,	WILLIAM L. HAVEN,
WILLIAM R. MINICH,	GEOGE W. CASS,
DANIEL WASHABAUGH,	O. W. BARNES,
R. D. BARCLEY,	C. W. ASHCOM,
D. O. GEHR,	A. R. M'CLURE,
WILLIAM M'CLELNAND,	J. L. YOST;

Sept. 16th 1864—5t.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive suffeaers will recieve a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Athma, Bronchitus, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSOF,
Williamsburg,
Kings Co,
Sept. 23 d 1865.–3m* New York.

EXAMINATIONS OF TEACHERS

TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLIES,

USE DUTCHER'S CELEBARTED

LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER,

A neat, cheap article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill a quart. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., 10th and Market Sts.' Philadelphia, Wholesale agents. [ju3-3t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber in West Providence Township Bedford County, some time in August last, a dark brindle steer marked by a crop off the right ear and a slit in the left, supposed to be over two years old, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take him away.

SOLOMON. WILLIAMS.
Sept 17th 1864 (Sept. 23rd] 3t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Bloody Run Borough, Saturday, August 6th, one iron gray mare; fourteen and a half hands high, 5 years old, heavy mane and tail, heavy foretop, flee'bitten about the head, two white hind feet. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. Otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

WILLIAM T. GROVE.
BLOODY RUN, Aug. 19th, 1864.—3t*

Wanted.

100 CORDS OF BARK, for which $6,00 per cord, or the highest market price, will be given.

JOHN A. MOWRY.
Survivor of the Firm of Taylor & Mowry.
June 3, 1854,-tf.

HOUSE WANTED.—The advertiser wants to rent a House, or part of a House, in or near the Borough of Bedford, convenient for a family of five or six persons. A fair price will be paid. For further particulars inquire at the office of this paper.

Bedford, Aug. 12, 1864-tf.

LUMBER.

200,000 feet of assorted LUMBE, for sale at Glen Savage Mills.

WANTED.

TEAMS to haul LUMBER to Bedford, &c. For particulars call at my residence, or at Reed's & Schell's Banking House. THOS. C. GARRETT.
jy.29,'64-3m* Bedford, July 23 1864.

Wanted.

500 CORDS [illegible] OAK BARK [illegible]
may13] [illegible] W SHUCK

The Bedford Inquirer.

BEDFORD PA., FRIDAY, SEPT 30, 1864.

AN APPRENTICE, (a boy about sixteen years old, intelligent and industrious) to learn the art of printing will be received at this office. Immediate application should be made. tf.

THE INQUIRER is a better medium than any other paper, for communicating with the people of Bedford county. It has a circulation of over twelve hundred and steadily increasing. Advertisements in this paper, reach a thousand readers more, that they would, published in any other paper that circulates in this county. tf.

WE give the lists of drafted men in this county, South Woodbury, St. Clair, Schellsburg and Union excepted, which we could not procure in time for this week, they will be given next week.

WE are in receipt of interesting communications, which we have not been able to use for the past two or three weeks, we shall try very hard to give our readers some of the most interesting next week.

WE VERY much regret the temporary necessity, that prevents us from giving a greater variety and amount of matter. Our very heavy pressure of election printing, the presswork for our large edition, and the lack of force, are sufficient causes for the present deficiencies of the INQUIRER, as our readers will no doubt readily believe. We think there is a good prospect of relief and improvement close at hand, our power press is on the way from New York, and will be in operation we hope within a week; our working force will also be permanently increased and we feel confident that we shall be able to make the INQUIRER more deserving of support than it ever has been.

Union Mass Meetings.

The Union men of the different Boroughs and Townships of Bedford County who desire to maintain the integrity of the nation through the triumph of the Union ticket at the coming election will unite in holding meetings at the following designated points where they will be addressed by prominent speakers.

New Enterprise South Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 1 o'clock P. M.

Woodberry Middle Woodberry Twp. Monday Oct. 3rd at 7 o'clock P. M.

Ritchey's School House Snakes.Spring Twp Friday Oct. 7th at 7 o'clock P. M.

Fairplay Broad Top Twp. Saturday Oct. 8th at 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the County Committe.
G. W. RUPP.
Chairman.

WE ARE often surprised to find so few SEWING MACHINES in use, in our section of the country. In the large cities, every family has its sewing Machine, and they would not be without one for ten times its cost. It is certainly the most useful and economical invention of the age, and we advise our readers to hesitate no longer, but see to getting one of these labor and life saving Machines. There are a great many kinds of Sewing Machines, and we have taken some pains to examine into their respective merits, and have come to the conclusion that the WHEELER & WILSON, HIGHEST PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE, is decidedly the best.

These unequalled Machines are adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloths. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woolen, and cotton goods, with silk, cotton, or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid bind, and perform every kind of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed. The sewing will never unravel or wash out.

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are so simple that a child can work them with ease. Printed instructions are sent with every Machine, so that any one can operate them without any trouble or difficulty. Every Machine is warranted, and the money returned if not entirely satisfactory.

Over *Fifty Thousand* of the celebrated Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are sold every year, and yet the demand is so great that they can hardly be supplied as fast as ordered. Machines are carfully packed and sent in good order to any portion of the country.

We hope our readers will write at once to the Wheeler & Wilson Agency, No. 704 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia. and get one of their Almanacs for 1865, and specimens of the work done by the Machine, all of which they will send by mail, free of charge, to any address. We should be glad to see an Agency for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine established in our locality. We know them to be the best, most simple and cheapest machine in use.

Gen. Koontz in Franklin.

IMMENSE UNION GATHERING—COFFROTH IN A SNARL.—One of the largest political gatherings of the kind ever held in Chambersburg, met at Brown's Hotel on Tuesday evening of last week, to hear Gen. Wm. H. Koontz the Union candidate for Congress. After the organization had been completed, Gen. Koontz was introduced, and was recieved with hearty cheers. He spoke over an hour, discussing the gaeat issues in a most candid, earnest and eloquent manner, and elicited the warmest commendations of his friends, and expressions af respect even from his political foes. He exposed in a masterly manner the treachery of the Democratic leaders in attempting to mislead the people from the interests of the goverment by a Peace platform and a quasi War Candidate. His review of Gen. McClellan's position was in the higest degree creditable and entirely unanswerable. He indulged in no personal abuse—no low assaults; but stated his positions with the utmost candor, and elucidated them with clearness and force. Being a stranger to most of his audience, he surpassed all expectation as a stumper and cogent reasoner, and left the Union men most enthusiastic in his support and proud of their standard-bearer. We cannot pretend to give even a synopsis of his remarks.

After he had concluded, Mr. McClure was called for, and he responded in a few pointed allusions to the congressional record of Gen. Coffroth, the competitor of Gen. Koontz. He stated that the office of Congress was the most important position to be filled at the October election, and urged the people to elect Gen. Koontz because he would vote for every measure necessary to sustain our armies in the field; to pay our brave soldiers; to fill up their ranks, and to maintain the credit of the government. He stated that against Gen. Coffroth personally he had nothing to say; but of his official record he must speak. He said that *Gen. Coffroth had never voted for any measure to fill up the ranks of our armies or to raise means to pay them*; and said the speaker, I make the statement knowing that I am in the presence and within hearing of Gen. Coffroth himself. * * * * * *

When the government wanted revenue to pay the soldiers, who were four months without their wages Congress was appealed to for a revenue to enable them to be paid, and to sustain the government credit. Against measure—the only one by which the means could be procured to pay our soldiers—Gen. Coffroth voted at every stage of the proceedings. Does he deny it? Gen. Coffroth did not answer, and the vast meeting cheered most heartily and called for his answer; but none come. Mr. McClure then said he had charged that Gen. Coffroth voted steadily against every measure designed to fill up our shattered armies so that they might give triumph to their holy cause. The draft was first urged by Gen. McClellan as the only means to fill up our armies, and when the conscription bill was before Congress and conceded on all sides to be the only means of saving our brave defenders from utter defeat, Gen. Coffroth voted against it at every stage, and he never voted for any measure calculated to put a single soldier in the field. He then came home *and voted against the right of the soldiers to vote at the next election!* * * *Franklin Repository.*

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Military Officers and those who often over tax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. To the soldier exposed to sudden changes in the weather they will give prompt relief in Coughs and Colds, and can be carried in the pocket to be taken as occasion requires.

New Advertisements.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

ESTATE of JOHN M'CANLES, deceased. JAMES A. FREEMAN, Auctioneer. Valuable

COAL LANDS

Broad Top, Bedford Co. Under authority of the Orphans' Court for the court of Bedford,

On WEDNESDAY, Oct. 19, 1864, At 12 o'clock M.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at the PHILADELHIA EXCHANGE, the following described Real Estate, late the property of *John McCandless*, deceased, viz.

No. 1.

One full, equal, and undivided moiety of a tract of unimproved land in Broad Top township, in Bedford Co., in the State of Pensylvania, containing 338 acres, more or less bounded on the east by lands of James Patton and Abraham Collman, and on the west by Juniata river and land of Daniel Young, surveyed on a warrant granted to Hezekiah Easton and James Patton, dated Febuary 16th, 1854, being the same undivided moiety which was conveyed by William S. Fluke, sheriff, to the said John McCandles, by deed poll, dated the 4th day of May, A. D. 1858, and entered among the records of the Court of Common Pleas of said Bedford county in C. P. D. No. 3, p. 510.

No. 2.

All that tract of land situate on Six Mile Run, in Broad Top township, in Bedford county aforesaid, containing 117 acres and 74 perches of land, and allowance of 6 per cent. for roads, &c., adjoining the Francis Moan survey, now belonging to A. King, George Smith, W. T. Daugherty, and others, part of a larger tract surveyed on a warrant to Edward Chany, dated August 26, 1854, and recorded in deed book A. F. p. 17, ect., excepting and reserving all the coal in and under the above described tract of land.

No. 3.

All that tract of land adjoining the above described tract and land late of Christopher Osborn and others surveyed on a warrant granted to James Fegard, dated June 5th, 1850, containing 9 acres and 117 perches and allowance, &c.

By order of the Court, O. E. SHANNON, Clerk O. C.
HENRY D. MOORE, } Executors.
GEO. P. M'LEAN, }
$500 to be paid on each at time of sale.
JAMES A. FREEMAN,
Philadelphia, Sept. 1864–ts. *Auctioneer.*

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate.

THE undersigned will offer at public out-cry on the premises

On FRIDAY the 28th of October,

the following described real estate viz:

His farm of limestone land in South Woodbury Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Dan'l. Miller's heirs and others, containing acres and 36 perches and allowance, about 72 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, the balance timber land.

The other improvements are a good house and barn with other out-buildings, and orchard of young trees.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day. Due attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale.

Sept. 30, 1864–ts. JAMES H. GRAHAM.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE H & B T }
MT R R & COAL CO. }
PHILADELPHIA, Sept 20, 1864. }

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company held at the office of the company in the City of Philada., on the thirteenth day of September inst. The agreement of consolidation and merger of the Bedford Rail Road Company and the said the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Rail Road and Coal Company, was duly approved of by the Stockholders, the same having been previously duly approved of by the Stockholders of the Bedford Rail Road Company.

J. P. ARETSEN
(Sept. 30, 1864–1t. *Sec'y*

AUTITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed to ascertain the payments and advancements made to the heirs of Daniel Houck, dec'd. and report a distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of the estate of said dec'd. will attend, for that purpose, at his office in Bedford on Thursday, the 13th, day of October, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

Sept. 30, 1864.3t. JNO. MOWER.

CHARLES KOONS' ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Charles Koons, late of Bedford township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them duly authenticated for settlement. ATRILL KOONS,
Bedford, Sept. 30, 1864-6t. *of Charles Koons, dec'd.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned residing in Colerain Tp. upon the estate of John Bossen dec'd. late of said township, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY P. DIEHL,
Sept. 30, 1864-6t. Administrator.

NOTICE.

Sealed proposals for throwing up clay sufficient to make three hundred thousand brick will be recieved at the office of the Directors of the Poor and House of employment of Bedford Co. on Tuesday Oct. 3, 1864.

By order of Directors,
T. R. GETTYS,
Sept 30, 1864-1t. *Clerk.*

Stray Bull.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber on the 16, inst. a red and white bull, supposed to be five years old. The owner is requested to come and prove property, pay charges and take him away. PIAS LITTLE,
Sept. 30, 1864.3t. *Hopewell Township.*

TEACHERS EXAMINATIONS.

Will take place as follows:—
Hopewell Tp. Oct. 6, Dasher's.
Broad Top Friday Oct. 7, Hopewell;
Liberty Saturday Oct. 8, Stonerstown;
East Providence Thursdady Oct. 13, Householder's;
Bloody Run and West Providence Friday Oct. 14, Bloody Run;
Monroe Saturday Oct. 16, Rock Hill;
Bedford Bor. and Tp. Thursday Oct. 20, Bedford;
Snake Spring Friday Oct. 21, Bald Hill;
Colerain Saturday Oct 22, School house near Philip J. Shoemaker's;
South Woodbury Monday Oct. 24, New Enterprise;
Middle Woodbury Tuesday Oct. 26, Woodbury;
Union Wednesdy Oct. 24, Mowrey's Mills;
St Clair Thursday Oct. 27, Eight Square;
Schellsburg and Napier Friday Oct. 25, Schellsbueg,
Juniata Saturday Oct. 29, Buena Vista;
Harrison Monday Oat. 31, Man's Choice;
Londonderry Tuesday Nov. 1, Bridgeport;
Cumb. Velley Wednesday Nov. 2, Centreville;

Special Examination for all who cannot attend any of the above, Saturday Nov. 5, Bedford.

All examinations will begin at precisely 8 o'clock A. M. and those wishing to be examined must be present promptly at that time, J. W. Dickerson,
Befdord Sept. 23rd 1864. *Co. Supt.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford county to the subscribers on the Estate of George James, late of Colerain township, dec'd., and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims thereon are required to present them duly autuenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM JAMES,
SAM'L JAMES.
Aug. 26, 1864,–6t* *Executors.*

FALL, } STOCK { FALL,
1864. } Now in Store. { 1864.

WE have just recieved a handsome assortment of

NEW FALL GOODS.

Embracing Prints, Delaines, Mohairs, Alpacas, Bombazines, Plaid, Striped and Plain Jaconets and Cambrics. Collars and Sleeves in Setts. Hoop Skirts best make and latest styles.

Ginghams, Table Diapers, Tickrings, Canton Flannels Shirting Stripes, Cottonades, Sheeting, and Shirting Muslins of standard makers.

White, Scarlet, Solferino, Grey and Plaid Shirting Flannels.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Ready Coats and vests.

Hosiery and Gloves, Scarfs and Neckties, Linen and Paper Shirt Collars and fronts,

Hats every style quality and color.

Boots and Shoes in great variaty made to order, cal and see them they speak for themselves.

Groceries, Prime Rio Coffee, extra fine Young Hyson, Imperial and Oolong Teas.

Prepared and Essence of Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, Rice Chocolate, Spices &c.

Chewing Tobacco and Segars of choice brands.

QUEENSWARE, SALT, MACKEREL, &c.

Together with a great variety Goods to which we call the early attention of buyers.

Termes CASH unless otherwise specified.

Bedford Sept. 16,'64—tf. G. R. & W. OSTER.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Real Estate

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County. The Subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises in Southampton Township

On SATURDAY The 15th Day of Oct. 1864.

the following REAL ESTATE, to wit:

One tract of land in said Township, containing about sixty acres—about ten of which are cleared and under fence adjoining lands of Philip Mors, Joseph Mors' heirs, Philip Umphreys and others in said township.

Terms cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M.

ARTEMUS BENNETT,
Committee of Josiah Wigfield a Lunatic.
Sept. 23, 1864—ts.

HEADQUARTERS, }
DEPARTMENT OF THE SUSQUEHANNA. }
CHAMBERSBURG PA. September 6th, 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS. }
No. 50, }

That portion of the Department of the Susquehanna lying between the Laurel Hill range of mountains on the west, and the Williamsport and Elmira Railroad—the Susquehanna River from Williamsport to the intersection of Blue mountain and that range of mountains to the Maryland line on the east, will comprise the Juniata District.

Brig. Gen. *O. S. Ferry*, U. S. Vols. is assigned to the command of this District. Headquarters temporarily at Bedford, Pa.

BY COMMAND OF MAJ. GENERAL COUCH,
JNO. S. SCHULTZE,
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD, PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 1, }

Pursuant to General order No. 50, (Headquarters, Department of the Susquehanna sept. 16th 1864.) I hereby assume command of the Juniata district.

The following Staff Officers are announced, viz.

Capt. Henry L. Johnson, A. A. G.

Lieut. Geo. C. Ripley, 10th Regt. Conn. Vols. A. D. C.

Who will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

ORRIS S. FERRY,
Brig. General U. S. Vols.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No 2. }

Commanders of troops in this District will exercise a strict supervision over the discipline of their commands, and will be held personally responsible for any pillage, marauding, waste or other wanton injuries committed by their enlisted men, unless they can exonerate themselves from any imputation of negligence therein.

Soldiers guilty of offences against the civil law will be turned over to the civil authorities for trial and punishment.

By Command of BRIG. GEN. FERRY
H. L. JOHNSON,
CAPT. AND ASST. ADJ. GEN.

HEADQUARTERS, }
JUNIATA DISTRICT, }
BEDFORD PA. Sept. 12th 1864. }

GENERAL ORDER. }
No. 3, }

Impressment of supplies from citizens for the troops in this District is forbidden. The Quartermaster's and subsistence department will furnish all needful supplies upon requisitions duly approved at these Headquarters.

By Command of BRIG. GEN. FERRY
H. L. JOHNSON,
CAPT. AND ASST. ADJ. GEN.

CALL AT THE NEW STORE!

MRS SAM'L H. TATE has received a handsome assortment of

CLOAKS, MANTILLAS AND DUSTERS,

the newest styles. A large assortment of Shalls, Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods, which will be sold cheaper than can be got elsewhere.

Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons and Flowers,

always on hand.

Bedford Sept. 16th, 1864–tf.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semiannual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificate of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deduction for commissions must be made from the deposits.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVING BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any saving bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stock was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation*. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for the deposits.—The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA,

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Aug. 12, 1864-3m.

J. M. BARNDOLLAR & SON,
BLOODY RUN, Pennsylvania,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public in general, that they are receiving, and keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic,

DRY GOODS,

SUCH as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Vestings
Cottonades, &c., &c., &c.
Ladies Dress Goods.
Silks, Shallies, Delaines, Poplins, Lawnes,
Prints, Ginghams, Shirtings, Irish Linens &c., &c.

READY

Made Clothing in Great Variety,
Mens & Boys Coats, Pants, vests,
Made in the Latest and Best Styles.
Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys, and Children's Wear

NOTIONS,

Hosery, Gloves, Scarfs, Neckties, Dress Trimmings, Braids, Laces, Ladies
A Large and Well Selected Stock of

GROCERIES,

COFFEE, TEA, SUGARS,
SYRUPS, RICE,
SPICES, &C., &C.
CHEWING & Smoking Tobacco of the Best Brands, Drugs, Oils, Paints, Medicines & Dye Stuffs,
HARDWARE,
IRON, NAILS,
SPIKES, &C., &C.

WE KEEP

on
Hand a Well Selected Stock of
all Kinds, and Consider
it no Trouble to Show
Goods, Call and See
Before Parchasing Elsewhere,
no

GOODS MISREPRESENTED TO EFFECT SALES, ALL GOOES WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

WE BUY

all Kinds of Produce for which we pay the highest price in CASH or GOODS, We buy our Goods for Cash entirely, and can offer great inducements for persons to buy of us. CALL AND SEE US.

Sept. 9, 1864.—tf. J. M. B. & SON.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE Bonds are issued under the Act of Congress of March 8th 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any state or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption **Five Per Cent. Interest will be Paid in Coin**, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually. The interest is payable on the first days March and September in each year.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the Books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to order, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying the accrued interest in coin—(or in United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.. As these Bonds are

Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation,

their value is increased from one to three per cent per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay

OVER EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST

in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent and temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith and ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principle and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $60 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

It may be useful to state in this connection that the total Funded debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 3d day of March, 1864, was $768,-975,060. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,126, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $100,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations to $150,000,000 per annum.

Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agents were not issued from the United States Treasury, until March 26, but in the first three weeks of April the subscriptions averaged more than **Ten Millions a Week.**

Subscriptions will be received by

All National banks

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depository Banks,) will furnish further information on application and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

May 13, 1864-4m.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans Court of Bedford county to report a distribution of the moneys remaining in the hands of John Cessna, Esq., Administrator of the estate of William Keeffe, deceased, to and amongst creditors and heirs, will attend to the duties of his appointment on TUESDAY, THE 23d DAY OF AUGUST, inst., at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested are requested to attend, as this will be the last notice to persons having claims upon the fund.

JOHN P. REED,
Aug. 12, 1864-2t. Auditor.

$25 REWARD!

WAS lost in the village of Bloody Run on 22nd inst., a SMALL SINGLE CASED GOLD WATCH.—The above reward will be paid to any person who may find, and return the watch to

Saxton Pa., Aug. 29, 1864.
Sept. 2, 1864.—3t. DAVID PUDERBAUGH.

White & Moor's Malt Coffee.

CONTAINING a portion of the best Java Coffee. The healthiest and cheapest substitute for coffee in the world. Price 20 cents per pound. For sale at the bargain store of G. R. & W. OSTER.

March 18, 1864—tf.

Notice to Tresspassers.

THE Subscribers of St. Clair and Union townships, forewarn all persons from tresdassing on their farm or premises for the purpose of hunting, fishing, gathering greens, berries, or passing through the enclosures.

Jacob Akes, David Gochenour,
Sarah Gochenour, Samuel Shafer,
Michael Shaffer, Martin Imler,
John Fickes, Moses H. Gochenour,
Isaac Russel.

Sept. 2, 1864.—3t.*

DYSPEPSIA,
AND
DISEASES RESULTING FROM
DISORDERS OF THE LIVER AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,
ARE CURED BY
HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
THE GREAT STRENGTHENING
TONIC,

These Bitters have performed more Cures
GIVE BETTER SATISFACTION!
HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!
Have more respectable people to vouch for them
Than any other article in the market.

We defy any One to contradict this Assertion,

AND WILL PAY $1000

To any one that will produce a Certificate published by us, that is not genuine.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and Diseases arising from a disordered Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms!

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Prespiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER.
THAT THIS BITTERS IS NOT ALCOHOLIC,
CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,
AND CAN'T MAKE DRUNKARDS,
But is the best Tonic in the World.

READ WHO SAYS SO:
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.
FROM THE HON. THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

Washington, January 1, 1864.

Gentlemen.—Having stated it verbally to you, I have no hesitation, in writing the fact, that I experienced marked benefit from your Hoofland's German Bitters. During a long and tedious session of Congress, pressing and onerous duties nearly prostrated me. A kind friend suggested the use of the preparation I have named. I took his advice, and the result was improvement of health, renewed energy, and that particular relief I so much needed and obtained. Others may be similarly advantaged if they desire to be. Truly your friend,

THOMAS B. FLORENCE.

From John B. Wickersham, Esq., firm of Wickersham & Hutchison, the celebrated Manufacturers of Fancy Iron Works, 259 Canal St.

I am the recipient from you of one of the greatest favors that can be conferred upon man, viz: that of health. For many years have I suffered from one of the most annoying and debilitating complaints that the human family can be afflicted with, Chronic Diarrhea.

During the long time I was suffering from this disease, I was attended by regular physicians, giving me but temperary relief. The cause seemed to remain until I was induced to try Hoofland's German Bitters. After the use of a few bottles of that valuable medicine, the complaint appeared to be completely eradicated.

I often inwardly thank you for such a valuable specific and, whenever I have an opportunity, cheerfully recommend it, with full confidence in its reliability.

Truly yours,
JOHN B. WICKERSHAM.
New York, Feb. 2, 1864.

From Julius Lee, Esq., firm of Lee & Walker, the most extensive Music Publishers in the United States, No. 722 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

February 8th, 1864.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentleman:—My mother-in-law has been so greatly benefitted by your Hoofland's German Bitters that I concluded to try it myself. I find it to be an invaluable tonic, and unhesitatingly recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia. I have had that disease in its most obstinate form—flatulence—for many years, and your Bitters has given me ease when everything else had failed. Yours truly, JULIUS LEE.

From the Hon. JACOB BROOM,
Philadelphia, Oct. 7th, 1863.

Gentlemen: In reply to your inquiry as to the effect produced by the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, in my family, I have no hesitation in saying that it has been highly beneficial. In one instance, a case of dyspepsia of thirteen years' standing, and which had become very distressing, the use of one bottle gave decided relief, the second effecting a cure, and the third, it seems, has confirmed the cure, for there has been no symptoms of its return for the last six years. In my individual use of it I find it to be an unequalled tonic, and sincerely recommend its use to the sufferers.

Truly yours, JACOB BROOM,
1707 Spruce St.

Rev. W. D. Seigfried, Pastor of 12th Baptist Church, Philadelphia, December 26th, 1863.

Messrs. Jones & Evans—Gentlemen:—I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by a prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some of them tested, but without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention of the Bitters induced me also to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one" quack "Bitters" whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened and drugged liquor upon the community, in a sly way; and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that yours was really a medicine preparation, I took it with happy effect. Its action was not upon only the stomach, but upon the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles. Very respectfully yours,

W. D. SEIGFRIED,
No. 254 Shackamaxon St.

From the Rev. Thos. Winter, D. D., Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times; been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters, I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours, T. WINTER, Roxborough, Pa.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Pa.

Dr. C. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health, after having taken five bottles.

Yours with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "**C. M. Jackson**" is on the **Wrapper** of each bottle.

PRICE.

Single Bottle One Dollar, or a Half Doz. for $5.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and anufactory.

No. 631 ARCH STREET,
JONES & EVANS.
Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

N. B. We have discontinued the manufacture of the small or 75 cent. size, the Dollar Bottle, on account of its size being much the cheaper to the consumer. See that "Price One Dollar," is on the wrapper of each bottle.

CHEAP CORNER!
FARQUHAR'S
REPUTATION FORSELLING CHEAP
STILL MAINTAINED!

WE are now receiving at "*Cheap Corner*," a very large stock of Spring and Summer Fashionable Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, of every variety and style.

TO THE LADIES.

Call and examine our stock of

CALICOES, BALMORALS,
DELAINS, HOOP-SKIRTS,
ALAPACAS, RIBBONS,
SHAWLS, CUFFS & COLLARS,
HATS, HEAD NETS,
VAILS, COMBS,
HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS.

GENTLEMEN,

Come and see our assortment of

COTTONADES, COATS,
JEANS, PANTS,
SATINETTS, VESTS,
CASSIMERES, BOOTS,
CLOTHS, GAITERS,
LINENS, SUSPENDERS,
MUSLINS, SHIRTS,
DRILLS, NECK TIES

GROCERIES!

COFFEE,
SUGAR,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
SPICES,
ALL KINDS.

Tobacco and Segars.

Congress, Flounder, Old Virginia, John Anderson, Natural Leaf, and all kinds of Smoking Tobacco and Segars.

Having adopted the CASH SYSTEM, we are determined to sell at very small profit, and the public, who have so kindly patronized us, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock.

J. B. FARQUHAR.
Juliana Street, Bedford, June 17, 1864-tf.

CLOTHING IN SCHELLSBURG.

HAVING lately purchased an excellent assortment of FALL AND WINTER Clothing consisting of

OVERCOATS, DRESS COATS, BUSINESS

Coats, Blouses, Vests, Pants, Hats and Caps, White Shirts Fancy Flannel Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers Rounds bouts, Neck-ties, Suspenders, Buckskin Gloves and Notions in Variety. We invite our friends and all who desire to purchase, to give us a call at our

NEW STORE IN SCHELLSBURG.

Where, as we are doing business on the *One Price* system, we flatter ourselves we can render satisfaction by doing justice to every one. We thank our many customers for their Patronage, and do herewith solicit a continuance of the same kindness.

Schellsburg Pa. Sept. 12, 1864, (Sept. 16) tf.
G. BERKSTRESSER & SON.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Real Estate.

THE undersigned by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, and under the last will &c; of Jacob Cypher decd., will sell at public sale

On FRIDAY, the 21st Day of October, Inst.,

(Sale opening at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day,) all that VALUABLE FARM situate in Liberty Township Bedford County, Pa. Known as the "FLECK OR MANOR TRACT" being a portion of the real estate of which said Jacob Cypher died seized, containing 144 acres, and the usual allowance—about 29 acres of the same however, being taken from an adjoining tract, and about the same quantity added to said adjoining tract taken from this tract, as is provided for in said will. 100 acres of the same, more or less under cultivation, a part being first-rate meadow, having thereon erected a large two story stone dwelling house, log tenant house, store house, bank barn, and other out buildings; the land is WELL WATERED with spring and running water, THE HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD runs through the property—good timber on the uncultivated portion of the land. This is a VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY lying two miles north of Saxton and Stonerstown giving all the advantages of a good market at the door; CHURCHES and SCHOOLS in the immediate neighborhood. Terms reasonable, and will be made known on day of sale. The subscriber will take pleasure in showing the premises to all inquirers.

DANIEL CYPHER,
Executor of the last will of Jacob Cypher decd.
Sept. 16, 1864—ts.

CONNELLSVILE AND SOUTHERN PENNA. R. W.

The undersigned commissioners named in an act entitled "An act to to incorporate the Connellsville and Southern Pennsylvania Railway Company" hereby give notice that they will, in pursuance of said act, open books for the purpose of recieving subscriptions to the capital stock of the said Railway company on the 14th day of October 1864, at the hour of 9 A. M. on that day, at the Washington Hotel in the town of Bedford, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, and that they will keep said books open according to law.

JOHN CESSNA, WILLIAM L. HAVEN,
WILLIAM R. MINICH, GEOGE W. CASS,
DANIEL WASHABAUGH, O. W. BARNES,
R. D. BARCLEY, C. W. ASHCOM,
D. O. GEHR, A. R. M'CLURE,
WILLIAM M'CLELNAND, J. L. YOST;

Sept. 16th 1864—5t.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive suffeaers will recieve a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Athma, Bronchitus, and all throat and Lung affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSOF,
Williamsburg,
Kings Co,
Sept. 23 d 1865.–3m* New York.

EXAMINATIONS OF TEACHERS

TO CLEAR THE HOUSE OF FLIES,

USE DUTCHER'S CELEBARTED
LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER,

A neat, cheap article, easy to use. Every sheet will kill a quart. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., 10th and Market Sts.
Philadelphia, Wholesale agents. [ju3-5t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber in West Providence Township Bedford County, some time in August last, a dark brindle steer marked by a crop off the right ear and a slit in the left, supposed to be over two years old, the owner is requested to come forward, prove property and take him away.

SOLOMON. WILLIAMS.
Sept 17th 1864 (Sept. 23rd] 3t.

Estray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Bloody Run Borough, Saturday, August 6th, one iron gray mare: fourteen and a half hands high, 5 years old, heavy mane and tail, heavy foretop, flee-bitten about the head, two white hind feet. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. Otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

WILLIAM T. GROVE.
BLOODY RUN, Aug. 19th, 1864.—3t*

Wanted.

100 **CORDS OF BARK,** for which $6,00 per cord, or the highest market price, will be given.

JOHN A. MOWRY.
Survivor of the Firm of Taylor & Mowry.
June 3, 1854,-tf.

HOUSE WANTED.—The advertiser wants to rent a House, or part of a House, in or near the Borough of Bedford, convenient for a family of five or six persons. A fair price will be paid. For further particulars inquire at the office of this paper.

Bedford, Aug. 12, 1864-tf.

LUMBER.

200,000 feet of assorted LUMBE, for sale at Glen Savage Mills.

WANTED.

TEAMS to haul LUMBER to Bedford, &c. For particulars call at my residence, or at Reed's & Schell's Banking House. THOS. C. GARRETT.
jy.29,'64-3m* Bedford, July 23 1864.

Wanted.

500 CORDS [illegible]
may13] J. W. SHUCK

COSTAR'S
VERMIN EXTERMINATORS.

"For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woolens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.]

Put up in 25 cent and $1.00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flask, $3.00 and $5.00 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known,"
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the human family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.
☞!!! Beware!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.
☞Address HENRY COSTAR.
☞Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.
☞Sold by all wholesale and retail Druggists in Bedford, Pa.

mar, 4, 1864—8 mo.

Blackwood's Magazine
AND THE
British Reviews.

PRICES CHEAP AS EVER, TO THOSE WHO PAY PROMPTLY IN ADVANCE.

Postage Reduced!!

☞ **Premiums to new Subscribers!!**

Notwithstanding the cost of Reprinting these Periodicals has more than doubled in consequence of the *enormous* rise of Paper and of a general advance in all other expenses—and notwithstanding other publishers are reducing the size or increasing the price of their publications, we shall continue, for the year 1864, to furnish ours *complete*, as herefore, at the old rates, viz:—

1. THE LONDON QUARTERLY (CONSERVATIVE).
2. THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (WHIG).
3. THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (FREE CHURCH).
4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (LIBERAL).
5. BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (TORY)

TERMS.

	Per Ann.
For any one of the four Reviews	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews	7 00
For all four of the Reviews	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review	5 00
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Bloody Run, June 17, 1864-tf

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I

Every Owner of Horses Should Possess a Copy of Mr. Mayhew's Invaluable Book.,

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mar. 18 1864—tf.

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Information respecting Pennsylvania soldiers in the Hospitals of Philadelphia, may always be had by application to Jos. PARKER, chief of the Hospital Commission, at the rooms of the Young Mens Christian Association, No. 1004 Chestnut street.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court, of Bedford County, the undersigned Administrators of the Estate of Jacob Detwiler, late of Middle Woodberry Twp, Bedford County, dec'd., will be sold at Public Out-cry, on the premises,

On SATURDAY, the 20th of AUGUST, 1864,

All the following described Real Estate viz: all that certain Farm, or Tract of Land, in said Township, late the Mansion Property of deceased, adjoining lands of Daniel Replogle, John Potter's heirs and others, CONTAINING EIGHTY-FIVE ACRES, more or less—about 65 or 70 acres cleared and under Fence—balance well Timbered, with a Good Two and a half Story DWELLING HOUSE with Basement Story. A large BANK BARN, and other out buildings thereon erected. Also, there is a good APPLE ORCHARD, and plenty of fresh running Water upon the premises.

☞Sale to commence at One o'clock, P. M. of said day. Terms made known on day of sale by

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June 17, 1863-3m.

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ONE AND TWO-HORSE POWERS.

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Two and four-horse TUMBLING SHAFT Machines, also, four-horse STRAP MACHINES, STRAW SHAKERS of the most approved kind attached to all Machines.

ALL MACHINES WARRANTED.
REPAIRING

Of all kinds of Machines done on the shortest notice.

☞HORSES, PIG METAL, GRAIN and LUMBER taken in payment.

☞Farmers' wanting Machines, will do well to give me a call.

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jan. 29, 1864—9 mo.

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Pittsburg, Pa.

july 3, 1863—zz.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and customers, they have now open and ready for sale,

A LARGE AND GENERAL

ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

Which they will sell

CHEAP FOR CASH,

OR APPROVED CREDIT,

of Six Months; interest added in **All Cases,** after an account is due and not closed by Note.

Buying For Cash!

THESE ARE THE BEST TERMS WE CAN OFFER.

Bedford, May 13, 1864.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief!!

PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS—A delicate and fragrant perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

For sale at the Bargain Store of

G. R. & W. OSTER.

NEW STORE. NEW GOODS!

MRS. SAMUEL H. TATE,

HAS opened out, at her residence, on Julia Ann Street; opposite the Mengel House, a full assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

from the well-known firm of Wood & Cary, Chestnut St., Philadelphia, which will be renewed by Express, weekly. Her friends and the Public generally, are respectfully invited to give her a call and form their judgments.

Bedford, May 13, 1864-tf.

Osborn's Prepared Java Coffee.

MAKES the most delicious and economical beverage in use. Nervous persons and dyspeptics can use this excellent coffee without the injurious effects experienced by using other coffee. In store and for sale by

G. R. & W. OSTER.

March 18, 1864—tf.

ICE CREAM
And the Philosophy of its Manufacture.

A small treaties, with valuable recipes on this subject, will be sent FREE, by mail, to persons who will send their address to

E. KETCHAM & CO.,
289 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

April 29, 1864.

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REAPER!

The most perfect Machine in the world. Single Mowers or Combined Machines Warranted to give satisfaction or no sale. Farmers' in want of the BEST MACHINE of the kind now made, would do well to call and make arrangements to give their orders for Machines in time for mowing.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Bedford, Ma20,'64y.- 1y *Agent.*

Subscribers to Bedford Inquirer.
LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS

PERSONS indebted to me for Subscription, Advertising or Job-Work, will find it to their advantage to pay up, as I have determined to close up my accounts without a useless delay of two or three years. My bills are small and any one who desires to pay can do so without any great inconvenience. So pay up and save costs—as I sue all indebted to me, for all sums, from Fifty cents upwards. Prompt attention to this notice may save trouble.

J. R. DURBORROW.

Bedford, May 27, 1864.

GEO. BLYMYRE & SON
Dealers in
HARDWARE,
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
STOVES
AND TINWARE,

Shelf HARDWARE of every description, CHAMBERSBURG AND MANN'S AXES.

BUTCHER'S, GREAVE'S, SPENCER'S, and other files. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CUTLERY. IRON NAILS, GLASS, &c. TUBS, BUCKETS, WASHING BOARDS, CHURNS, MATS, RUGS BASKETS, BROOMS, BRUSHES, ROPES, &c,

PUTNAM'S PATENT CLOTHES WRINGER,

So highly spoken of, at Manufactures prices. We call the attention of customers to our STOVE DEPARTMENT. We warrant them if they call and see our WELLINGTON, WAVERLY, and PRINCE ROYAL COOKING STOVES, they will have no other.

Persons commencing "HOUSEKEEPING," furnished with anothing in that line at reduced prices, for CASH. Our assortment of goods is not surpassed outside the cities.

Persons building, furnished with goods at as LOW PRICES as they can be had anywhere.

COAL OIL, COIL OIL LAMPS, POCKET BOOKS,
PIPES, &.

Call and see us before purchasing.

G. BLYMYER & SON.

apr. 8, 1864—3 mo.

FOR SALE
OR
TRADE.

A farm in Bedford township, owned by Jno. H. Rush about four miles from Bedford, containing 180 acres, about 80 acres cleared, with log house log barn and other outbuildings thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon.

ALSO.

A tract of land in Harmon's Bottom, Juniata township with log house, barn &c.; thereon erected, containing 70 acres and allowance. Best part cleared and under fense, and in a good state of cultivation Near to a school house, Mill &c., Adjoining Scott Low, Hughes, and others, and lately purchased from Wm. Hurley.

ALSO,

60 acres of land, 10 cleared and under fense, with log house thereon erected, adjoining Geo. Troutman, Geo. May and others, in Juniata township, and partly in Londonderry, lately owned by Andrew Wolford.

ALSO,

166 acres near Stonerstown—within ½ mile of Broadtop Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn—stable &c., thereon erected; also two apple orchards, thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is rich and capable of producing every variety of crops in this climate.

ALSO,

160 acres best quality of prarie—near the Missouri river, close to the county seat of Harrison Co. Iowa.

ALSO,

Two one hundred and sixty acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne City, in the richest valley of the west—the Piatte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha City, and close to the great national government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

A tract of land in Union township, containing 225 acres, 72 acres cleared, with farm house, tenant house, double log barn, also an apple orchard thereon, also a good new saw mill thereon, known as the "Snyder or Koontz property."

ALSO,

160 acres, two miles above Omaha City, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after a personal inspection and careful examination on the ground and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my posession.

ALSO,

Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

A lot of ground in the City of Dacotah, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

A Tract of LAND, containing Fifteen Acres, about seven acres cleared, with a Story and a half Log House and Log Stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Joseph Brinkey, John A. Omgrund and others, in Juniata Twp. The cleared land is in good order, and the balance well Timbered, and all capable of easy improvement and cultivation.

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind that are good will be taken in exchange—particularly good bank notes.

O. E. SHANNON.

apr. 8, 1864.

NEW GOODS
IN
HOPEWELL!

LOWERY & EICHELBERGER have associated with them John B. Castner, Esq., of Hopewell, in a general mercantile and forwarding business at their old stand in Hopewell, the business of the firm to be transacted in the name of LOWERY, EICHELBERGER & CO.

They are now receiving and opening a large and complete stock of Foreign Dry Goods comprising a greater variety than is usually kept in a country store. Among the articles they keep may be enumerated the following:

DRY GOODS, Colored Delaines, Alpacas, Merrimac and Spragues prints, Bombazines; Sheeting, Shirting, Irish Linen, &c.

LADIES DRESS GOODS in great variety; Veils, Gloves, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Hose, Cuffs, &c.

CLOTHS—A variety of spring and summer cloths, Broadcloths, Cassimers of different styles, Satinets, &c.

CLOTHING—Mens and boys spring and summer styles of Coats, Pants and Vests.

BOOTS, Shoes; Hats and Caps.

GROCERIES—Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Teas, Spices, &c.

HARDWARE, &c.—Pocket knives, table spoons and table knives and forkes, razors, scythes, axes, nails, glass, plough points, &c., &c., &c.

FISH—Mackeral, Herring, Cod fish.

All of which were bought at nett cash prices, and which we will sell on the same terms at a small advance.

All kinds of grain and country produce bought or exchanged for goods, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

LOWERY, EICHELBERGER & CO.

Hopewell, April 29, 1864.

J. ALSIP & SON,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT
Bedford, Pa.

RESPECTFULLY solicit consignment of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing and all kinds of merchandise for auction and private sale.

REFERENCES.

Philadelphia.	Bedford.
PHILIP FORD & CO.	Hon. JOB. MANN,
BOYD & HOUGH,	Hon. W. DAUGHERTY,
A. YOUNG & BROS.	B. F. MEYERS.

Bedford, jan. 1, 1863—tf.

MILINERY GOODS!

MRS. S. D. GIBSON has just returned from Philadelphia with a new stock

SPRING AND SUMMER MILINERY GOODS

BONNETS, HATS, TRIMMINGS, &c., of the latest styles, chea[illegible]

[illegible] ns DRESSES— [illegible] oidery. [illegible] to order [illegible] the most reasonable term[illegible]

All business in her line will be promptly attended to.

apr. 22, 1864—tf.

NEW GOODS
AT
THE BARGAIN STORE OF
G. R. & W. OSTER.

WE are now receiving a choice selection of Fancy & Staple Dry Goods, embracing all the new styles and shades of Prints from 16 cents up; Delains, Schallies, Alpacas, Bombazines, Mohair, Mozambiques, Black Silks, Victoria and Pacific Lawns, Cambric and Jackonet Muslins, Embroidered Collars and Sleeves in sets, Balmoral and Hooped Skirts, of the best make and latest styles.

SHAWLS AND HEAD NETS—New fabrics and designs for spring and summer. Embossed Wool Table Covers, Ginghams, Checks, Table Diaper, Tickings, Shirting Stripes, Cottonades, Sheeting and Shirting Muslins of all the standard marks, from 18 cents up. White Ballardvale, Red, Grey and Striped Shirting Flannels.

CLOTHS, Cassimers, Satinetts and Jeans. Carpet and Floor Oil Cloths. Ready made Coats and Vests for men and boys, cut and made in the best and most fashionable manner. *Very Cheap.*

HOSERY, Gloves, Scarfs, Neck Ties, Shirt Collars and Fronts. Cotton Yarn and Carpet Chain. Hats of every quality, style and color, from 12½ cents up.

BOOTS AND SHOES!—The largest and best assortment of Ladies, Misses and Childrens fine Calf, Goat, French Leather, English Kid, Morocco and English Lasting, Balmorals, Gaiters, Boots, Shoes and Buskins, in town, with and without heels—made to order. Call and see them; they speak for themselves.

GROCERIES.—Choice Coffee, extra fine Young Hyson, Imperial and Oolong Teas. Prepared and Essence of Coffee. A choice assortment of Sugar and Syrup, Rice, Chocolate, Spices, &c., &c.

CHEWIG TOBACCO and Cigars of the choicest brands Queensware, a full assortment.

HERRING and Mackerel by the barrel, half barrel or dozen; together with a great variety of other goods to which we call the attention of every body.

TERMS CASH, unless otherwise specified. All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bedford, May 6, 1864.

GREAT BARGAINS
AT THE
EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

SHUCK BROTHERS

ARE JUST RECEIVING A SPLENDID STOCK OF

FANCY DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING IN PART OF FANCY DRESS SILKS, CHALLIES, POPLINS, MOHAIR DELAINS, BAREGES, FRENCH LAWNS, FANCY PRINTS, &C.

SILKS AND CLOTH MANTILLAS,
SHAWLS IN GREAT VARIETY,
MOURNING AND LACE GOODS,
A HAND-SOME LOT OF
LACE MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS,
BONNETS AND BONNET RIBBON,

Flowers, Children's Hats and Flats,
Ladies and Children's Gaiters, Slippers,
And Fine Boots. Notions in great variety,
Stockings, Gloves, Handkerchiefs,
Collars, Dress Trimmings,
Perfumery, &c, &c, &c.

The stock consists of every article usually kept in a First Class Fancy Store selected by an experienced city lady. Thankful for past favors we ask a continuance of your patronage.

SHUCK BROTHERS.

The old firm of S. & W. Shuck also ask a call to see heir new stock and a continuance of public patronage.

Bedford, April, 1864.

THE LOST FOUND.
EVERY THING IS NOW
LOST IN HIGH PRICES.

BUT if you wish to find them again, at OLD PRICES, call at

Mrs E. V. Mowry's,

who has just returned from Philadelphia, with the

LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION OF
MILLINERY GOODS

ever brought to Bedford, which she will sell at old prices or cheaper. Her stock consists of a general assortment of FASHIONABLE SILK, STRAW, CACTUS,

LEGHORN AND CRAPE BONNETS,

INFANTS CAPS & HOODS, SHAKERS,

A LARGE ASSORTMEFT OF LADIES'

MISSES AND CHILDRENS HATS OF THE VERY BEST STYLES OF ALL COLORS.

A Beautiful assortment of Plaids, Ribbons, the latest styles Flounces, Ruches, Ladies dress caps, Corsets, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts,, Head Nets, Dress Trimmings, Zephyrs Shetland Wool, &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GRENADINE VEILS OF ALL COLORS; ALSO LADIES LINEN COLLARS AND POCKET-HANDKER-CHIEFS, &C &C.

Do not purchase elsewhere until you call and examine the above stock of goods, as you will certainly find it to your own interest.

apr. 8 1864—d.

NEW FIRM!
The Rebellion Played Out!
PEACE ABOUT TO BE DECLARED!

E. M. FISHER, LITTLE JOHN C. AND WILLIAM F.

HAVE removed their new FANCY AND DRY GOOD STORE, to two doors south of the Post Office, into the room formerly occupied by Wm. Shafer, Esq., where they keep constantly on hand a very large assortment of

MUSLINS, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, &C.,

and pay especial attention to the sale of Needlework, Ladies' Collars, Cuffs, and Undersleeves, Linen and Silk Pocket-handker-chiefs, Ladies' Hose, Mitts and Gloves, Gentlemen's Hose, White Goods. Spool Thread, Ladies' Head Dresses, and Veils, Fancy Soaps, Hoop Skirts,

JEWELRY, SHIRT FRONTS, &C.

all of which will be sold very low for cash.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see our stock before buying elsewhere.

Bedford, apr. 15, 1864—tf.

S. & W. SHUCK.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, A GREAT VARIETY OF SHOES for Ladies. Children, Men and Boys Shoes and Boots.—HATS AND CAPS. All descriptions of LEATHER.

500 CORDS OF TAN BARK WANTED.

apr. 8, 1864—tf.

O Yes! O Yes!

The undersigned having taken out Auctioneer and Sale License, is now ready to CRY SALES on the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. It will be recollected that no one is legally entitled to act as a cryer of Sales, unless he procures a license.

Address, LEVI AGNEW,
Bedford, Pa.

a[illegible]r. 1864—tf.

Gruggenheim's Ground Rio Coffce

A FRESH invoice of this excellent coffee just received and for sale at the New Bargain Store of

G. R. & W. OSTER

march 18, 1864—tf.

HOSTETTERS'
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.

A pure and powerful Tonic, corrective and alterative wonderful efficacy in disease of the

STOMACHH LIVER AND BOWELS.

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Headache, General debility, Nervousness, Depression of Spirits, Constipation Colic, Intermittent Fevers, Cramps and Spasms, and all Complaints of either Sex, arising from Bodily Weakness whether inherent in the system or produced by special causes.

Nothing that is not wholesome, genial and restorative in its nature enters into the composition of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters This popular preparation contains no mineral of any kind, no deadly botanical element; no fiery excitant; but it is a combination of the extracts of rare balsamic herbs and plants with the purest and mildest of all diffusive stimulants.

It is well to be forearmed against disease, and so far as the human system can be protected by human means against maladies engendered by an unwholesome atmosphere, impure water and other external causes, Hostetter's Bitters may be relied on as a safeguard.

In districts infested with *Fever and Ague*, it has been found infallible as a preventive and irresistable as a remedy, and thousands who resort to it under apprehension of an attack, escape the scourges and thousands who neglect to avail themselves of its protective qualities in advance, are cured by a very brief course of this marvelous medicine Fever and Ague patients, after being plied with quinine for months in vain, until fairly saturated with that dangerous alkaloid, and not unfrequently restored to health within a few days by the use of Hostetter's Bitters.

The weak stomach is rapidly invigorated and the appetite restored by this agreeable Tonic, and hence it works wonders in cases of Dispepsia and in less confirmed forms indigestion. Acting as a gentle and painless aperient, as well as upon the liver, it also invariably relieves the Constipation superinduced by irregular action of the digestive and secretive organs.

Persons of feeble habit, liable to *Nervous Attacks, Lowness of Spirits, and Fits of Languor*, find prompt and permanent relief from the Bitters. The testimony on this point is most conclusive, and from both sexes.

The agony of Billious Colic is immediately assuaged by a single dose of the stimulant, and by occasionally resorting to it, the return of the complaint may be prevented.

As a general Tonic, Hostetter's Bitters produce effects which must be experienced or witnessed before they can be fully appreciated In cases of *Constitutional Weakness, Premature Decay* and Debility and Decreptitude arising from Old Age, it exercises on electric influence. In the convalescent stages of all diseases it operates as a invigorant. When the powers of nature are relaxed, it operates to re-enforce and re-establish them.

Last, but not least, it is *The Only Safe Stimulant*, being manufactured from sound and innoxious materials, and entirely free from the acid elements present more or less in all the ordinary tonics and stomachics of the day.

No family medicine has been so universally, and it may be truly added, *deservedly* popular with the intelligent portion of the community, as Hostetter's Bitters.

Prepared by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburg.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Storekeepers every where.

HEMBOLD'
Genuine Preparations.

COMPOUND EXTRACT
OF BUCHU.

Compound Fl uidExtract Buchu, a positive and Specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.

This medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, which the by Watery or Calcareous desposítions, and all unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflamation.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For Weakness arising from Excesses, habits of dissipation, Early Indiscretion of Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:—

Indisposition to exertion, Loss of power, Loss of memory, Difficulty of breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the back, Universal lassitude of the Muscular system Hot hands, Flushing of the body, Dryness of the skin, Eruptions of the face, Pallid countenance.

There symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably remores; soon follows impotency, fatuity, epileptic fits, in one of which the patient may expire. Who will say they are not frequently followed by direful diseases, insanity and consumption. Many are aware of the cause of their suffering but none will confess the records of the insane assylums. And melancholy deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The constitution once affected with organic Weakness requires the aid of Medicine to Strengthen and Invigorate the system, which Hembold's extract buchu invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

Females, Females, Females.—In many affections peculiar to females the extract buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Cholosis or Retention, irregularity, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, ulcerated or schirrhous state of the uterus, leuchorthœa or whites, sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex whether arising from indiscretioc, habit of dissipation, or in the decline or change of life.

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM OR MURCURY,

Take no more Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant and dangerous medicine. Hembold's extract buchu and improved rose wash, cures secret diseases in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing strictures of the Uretha, allaying pain and inflamation, so frequent in the class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous diseased and wornout matter.

Use Hembold's Extract Buchu for all affections and diseases of the Urinary organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

Diseases of these organs require the aid of a diuretic! Hembold's extract buchu in the great diuretic, and is certain to have the desired effect in all diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character will recompany the medicine.

Price $1.00 per bottle, or six for $5.00. Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation. Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed advice grafts. Address letters or information to

H. B. HEMBOLD, Chemist.
104 South tenth st. below Chesthut, Phila.
Hembold's Medical depot, Hembold's Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Beware of Counterfits and unprincipaled dealers who endeavor to dispose "of their own" and "other" article on the reputation attained by Hembold's genuine preparations. Hembold's extract buchu, Hembold's extract Larsaparilla, Hembold's improved rose wash. Sold by all Druggists every where. Ask for Hembold's, take no other. Cut out the advertisement and send for it and avoid imposition and exposure.

dec. 11, 1863—zz.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING—BEDFORD RAILROAD COMPANY.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the Bedford Railroad Company, will be held at the office of the Company in Bedford Borough, on Saturday the 30th day of July, instant, at 9 o'clock A. M., of said day, for the purpose of considering a joint agreement which has been entered into between the Directors of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company and the Bedford Railroad Company, for the consolidation of said companies, and the merging of the corporate rights, powers and privileges of the Bedford Railroad Company into the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company; at which meeting a vote by ballot in person or by proxy will be taken for the adoption or rejection [illegible], according to the provisions of the act of Assembly of May 16th, 1861, in relation to the consolidation of Railroad companies.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JNO. P. REED
Secretary.

July 15, '64-2t.